MATH 200:921, Quiz 4

First Name:	Last Name: _	
Student-No:		
		Grade:
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- Do not turn the page until instructed to do so.
- This test is closed book. No calculators or formula sheet allowed.
- You have 20 minutes to write this quiz.
- There are three questions in this quiz, worth a total of 20 points.

Long answer question—you must show your work

1. 6 marks Consider the plane

$$H: x - y + z = 1.$$

- 1. Let O = (0, 0, 0) be the origin of the axes in \mathbb{R}^3 . Given a point P in the plane H, write the square norm $\|\vec{OP}\|^2$ as a function f(x, y) of two variables.
- 2. Classify each critical point of f(x, y) as either local maximum, local minimum, saddle point or undetermined.

Long answer question—you must show your work

2. 8 marks On the plane H from the previous question consider the triangle T whose vertices are

$$A = (1, 2, 2), B = (1, -1, -1), C = (-2, -1, 2).$$

Let T' be the projection of T on the xy plane.

- 1. Sketch T' and write down its sides and vertices. A side should be described by an equation and a range, such as $y = 2x, 0 \le x \le 2$ or $x = 3, 1 \le y \le 5$.
- 2. Make a list of the points in the segment \overline{AB} which could realize the minimum or maximum distance from the origin. You do not need to evaluate the function at these points.
- 3. If you wanted to find the minimum and maximum distance from a point of T to the origin, at how many points in T' would you need to evaluate the distance function at most? Explain your reasoning.

Long answer question—you must show your work

3. 6 marks Consider the cylinder given in three dimensional space by

$$S: x^2 + y^2 = 5.$$

Let R be the curve obtained by intersecting S with the plane H from the first two questions.

- 1. Set up the Lagrange multiplier system of the equation needed to find the points in R which minimize or maximize the square distance from the origin. Do not solve it.
- 2. For each of the following points, determine if it is possible or not that they minimize or maximize the square distance from R to the origin:

$$P_1 = (0, \sqrt{5}, 1 + \sqrt{5})$$
 $P_2 = (2, 1, 2)$ $P_3 = (0, -1, 0)$

Name: _____

_____ Student-No: _____