

Development and Security Analysis of pVPKIweb, a Python API and a Web Interface for NSS VPKI*

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Acknowledgement

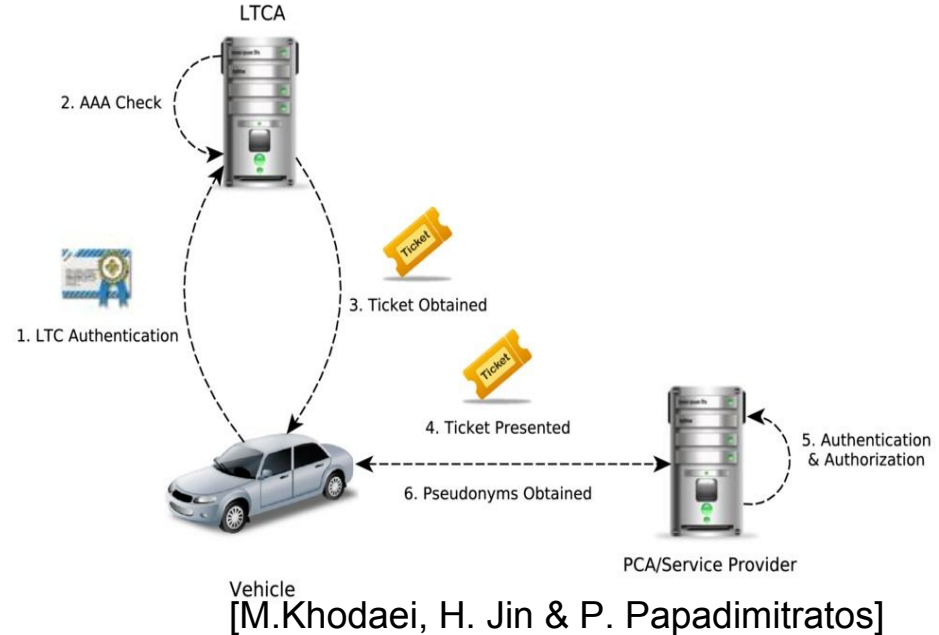
- M. Khodaei, H. Jin, and P. Papadimitratos, “Towards Deploying a Scalable & Robust Vehicular Identity and Credential Management Infrastructure,” in IEEE VNC, Paderborn, Germany, Dec. 2014.
- M. Khodaei and P. Papadimitratos, “Evaluating On-demand Pseudonym Acquisition Policies in Vehicular Communication Systems,” in Proceedings of the First International Workshop on Internet of Vehicles and Vehicles of Internet, Paderborn, Germany, pp. 7–12, July 2016.
- OWASP attacks separately described using OWASP Top 10 slides from owasp.org for year 2013. Not included in this file.

Agenda

- Background NSS VPKI
- What is this project about?
 - Part 1 - develop python API for VPKI
 - Part 2 - developed Web GUI based on above python API for VPKI
- Functional Testing
- Security Testing based on OWASP
- Conclusion

Background - What is NSS VPKI?

- Introduction
- Key Features
 - Privacy Preservation
- Components
- Terminology & Use Cases
 - Voucher
 - LTCA
 - Ticket
 - PCA
- Protocols
 - Security: IEEE 1609.2 standard
 - Elliptic Curve Cryptography



VPKI API - Abstraction Challenge

from here



msgPsnymCertReq_V2PCA
iReqType
iTicketSize
strTicket
iLTCAldRange
iPCAlldRange
iLocation
uiPsnymCertNo
msgWAVECertificateRequest
iNonce
tTimeStamp

msgWAVECertificateRequest
msgSignerInfo
msgToBeSignedCSR
msgSignature

msgSignerInfo
msgSignerIdentifierType.SignerIdentifierType
strCertificate
strDigest
strCertificatesChain

msgToBeSignedCSR
csrVersion
msgSubType.SubjectType subjectType
msgRequestScopeType.RequestScopeType
msgCertSpecificData
msgECPublicKey

msgSignature
uiCurveOrderOctets
uiSignLen
strSignature

msgECPublicKey
uiPsnymPublicKeyLen
strPsnymPublicKey

to there



get_psynm(..)



protobuf
Protocol Buffers

Base64

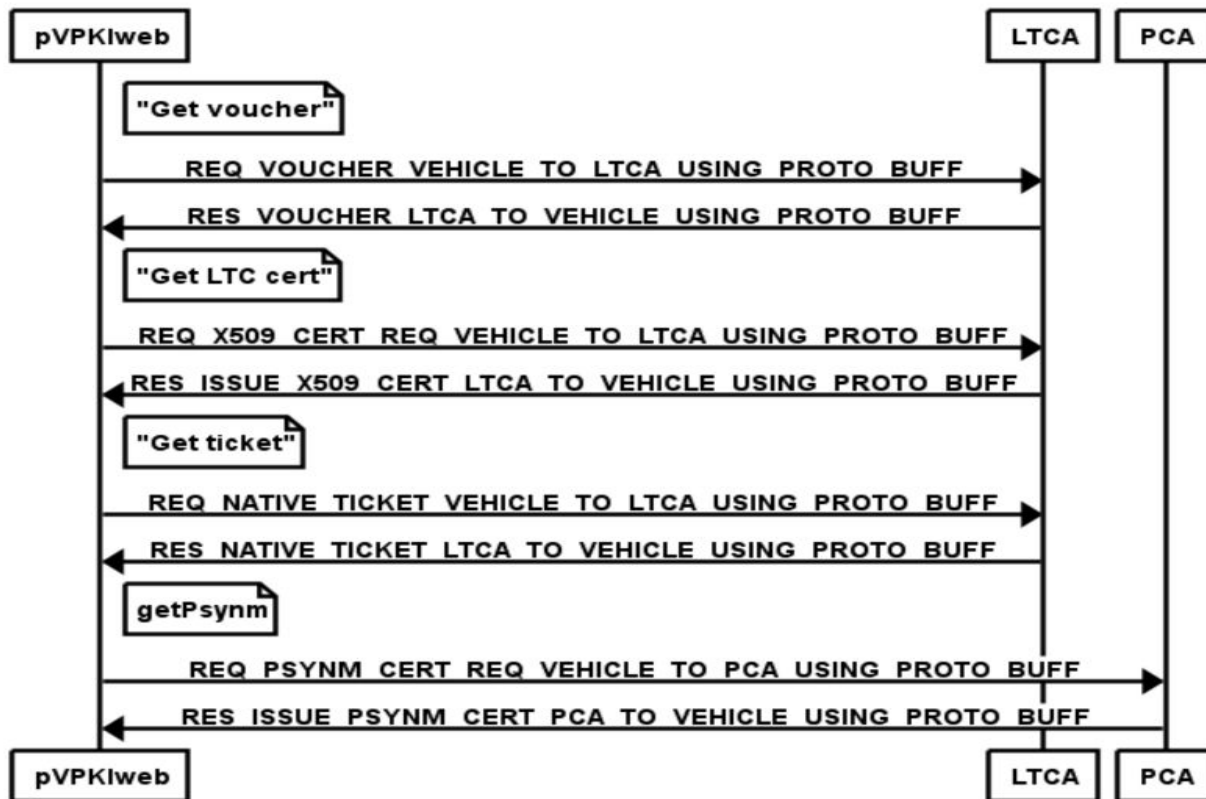


https://

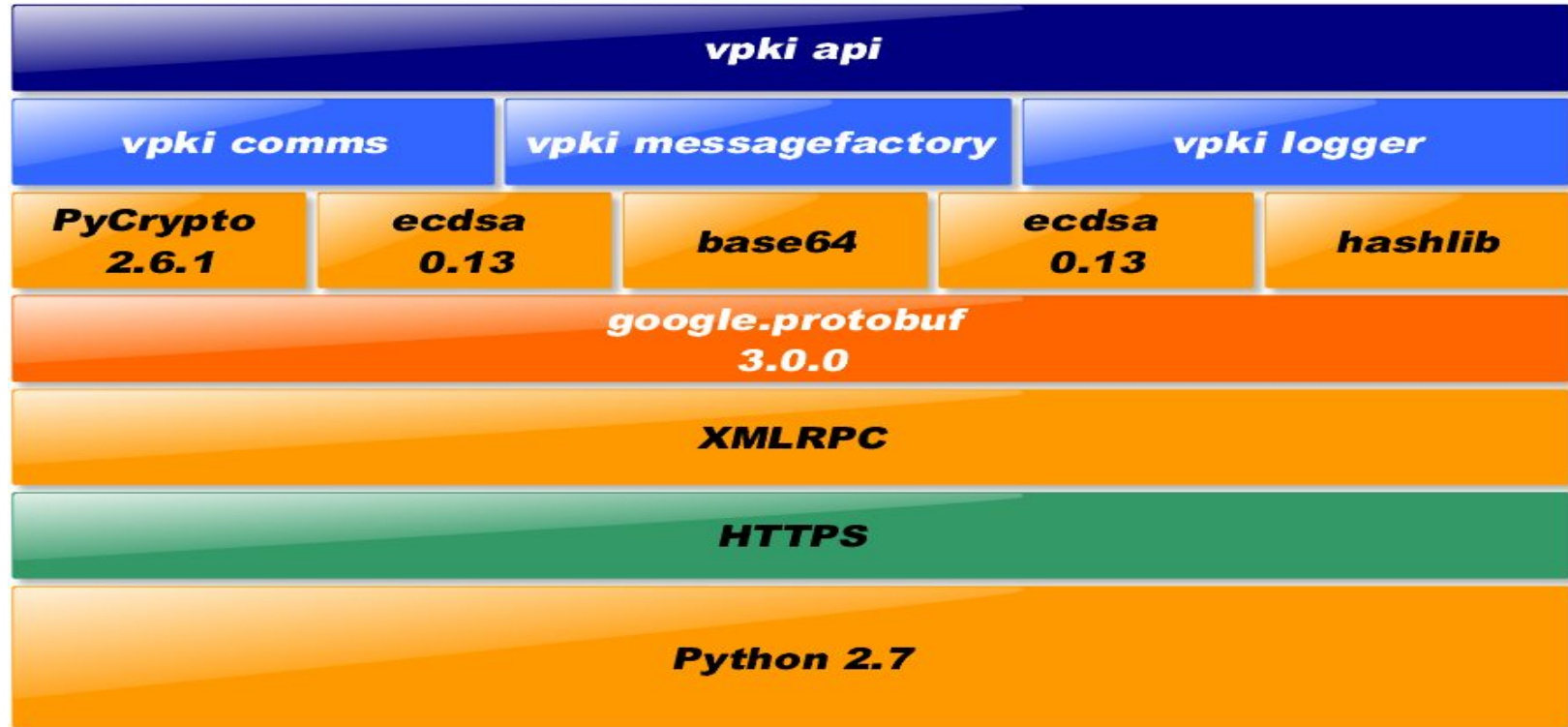
Crypto APIs

SHA-256

VPKI use cases



Python API for VPki - Architecture description



VPki Python API stack

Python API - Issues and pitfalls!

- Lack of specification of the data structures in interface.proto file. Reliance on verbal input.
 - Lots of trial and error at times leading to unexpected time losses.
- Stability of crypto API is more important at times than ease of use.
- Force elliptic curve API to generate hashes encoded in Distinguished Encoding Rules (DER), while keys should be Privacy Enhanced Mail (PEM) encoded. Defaults won't work.
- Mind the :
 - elliptic curve NIST profiles. E.g. VPKI uses NIST256p
 - HTTP encoding e.g. UTF8.
- Do not forget to ASCII armour i.e. base64 encode before sending out.

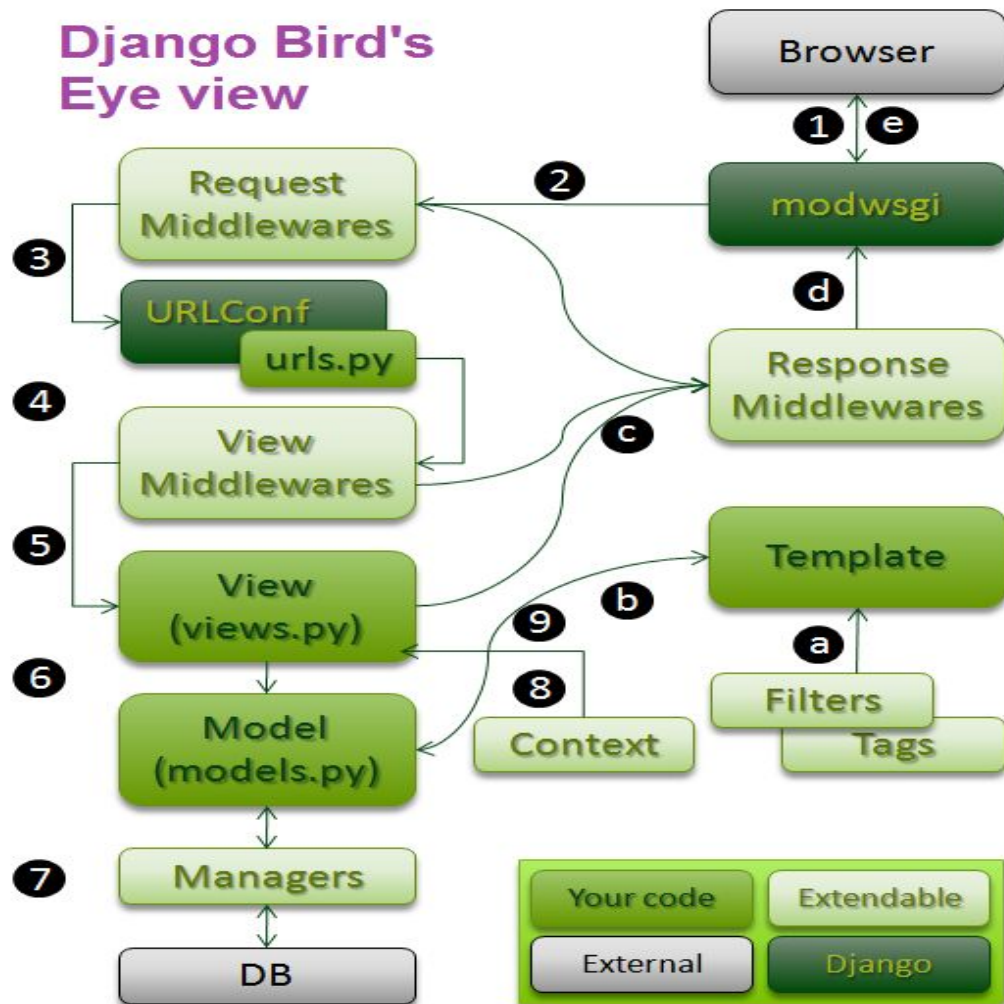
Web GUI for VPKI - pVPKIweb

- Uses Python API developed for VPKI to provide a web interface
- Uses Django web framework

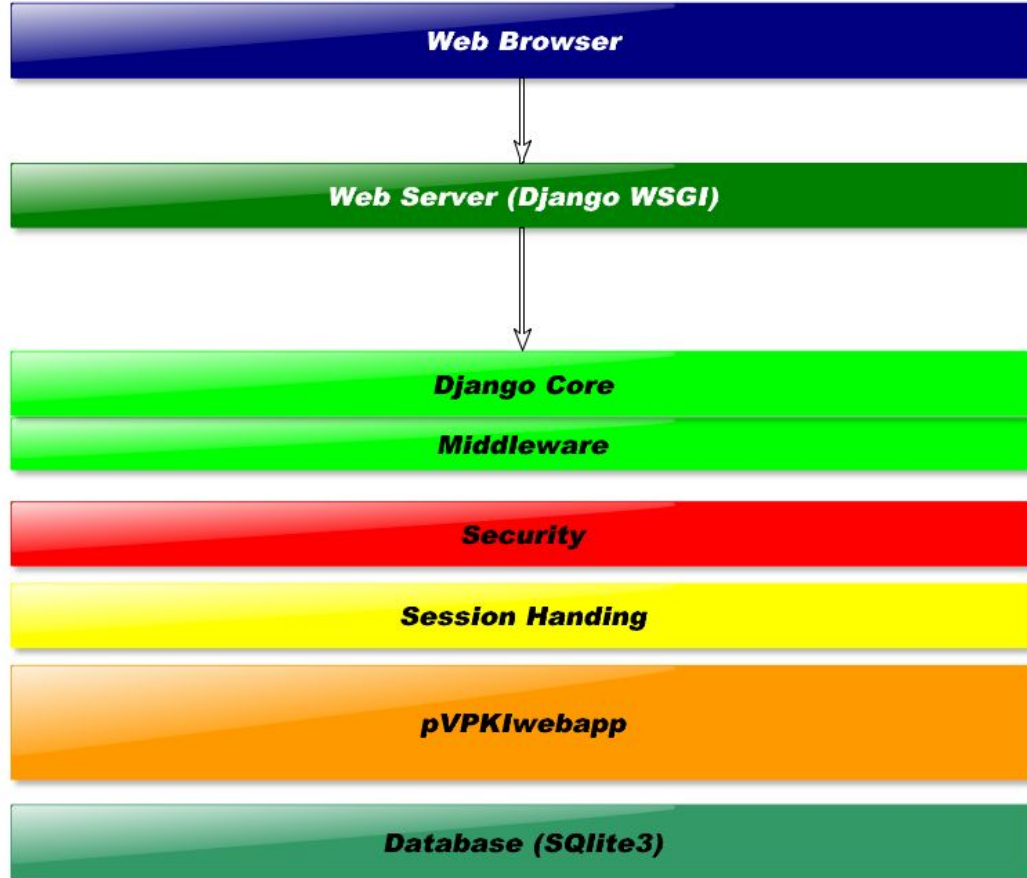


[Tesla Model S, www.tesla.com]

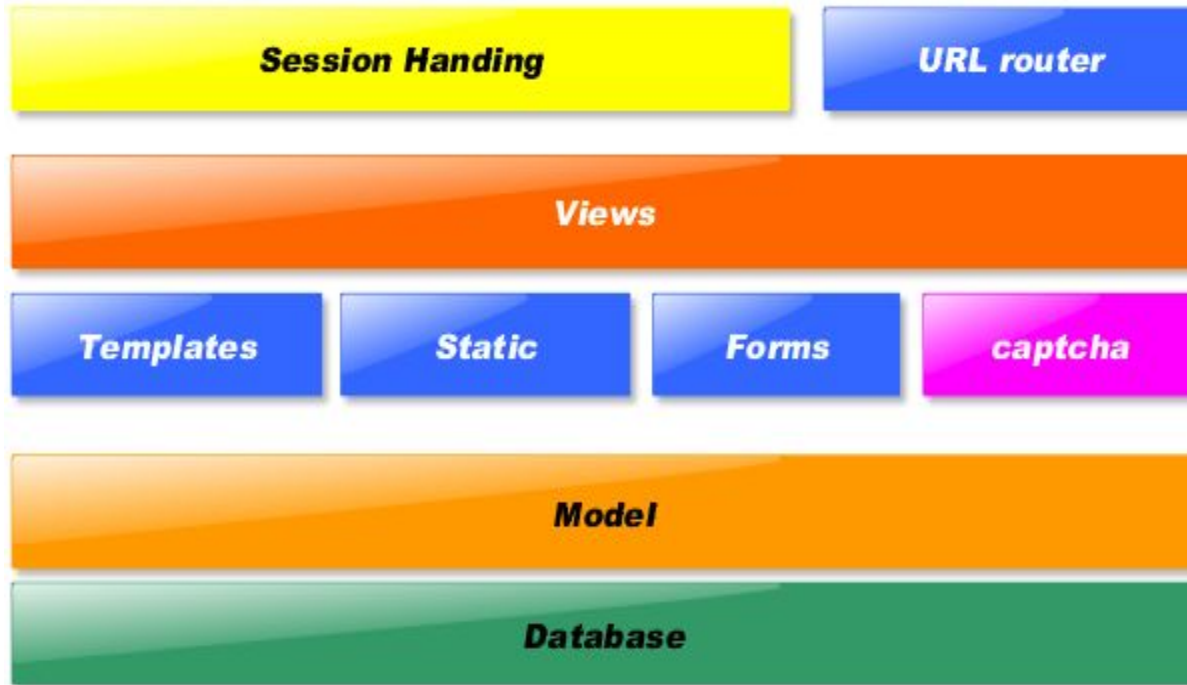
Django Bird's Eye view



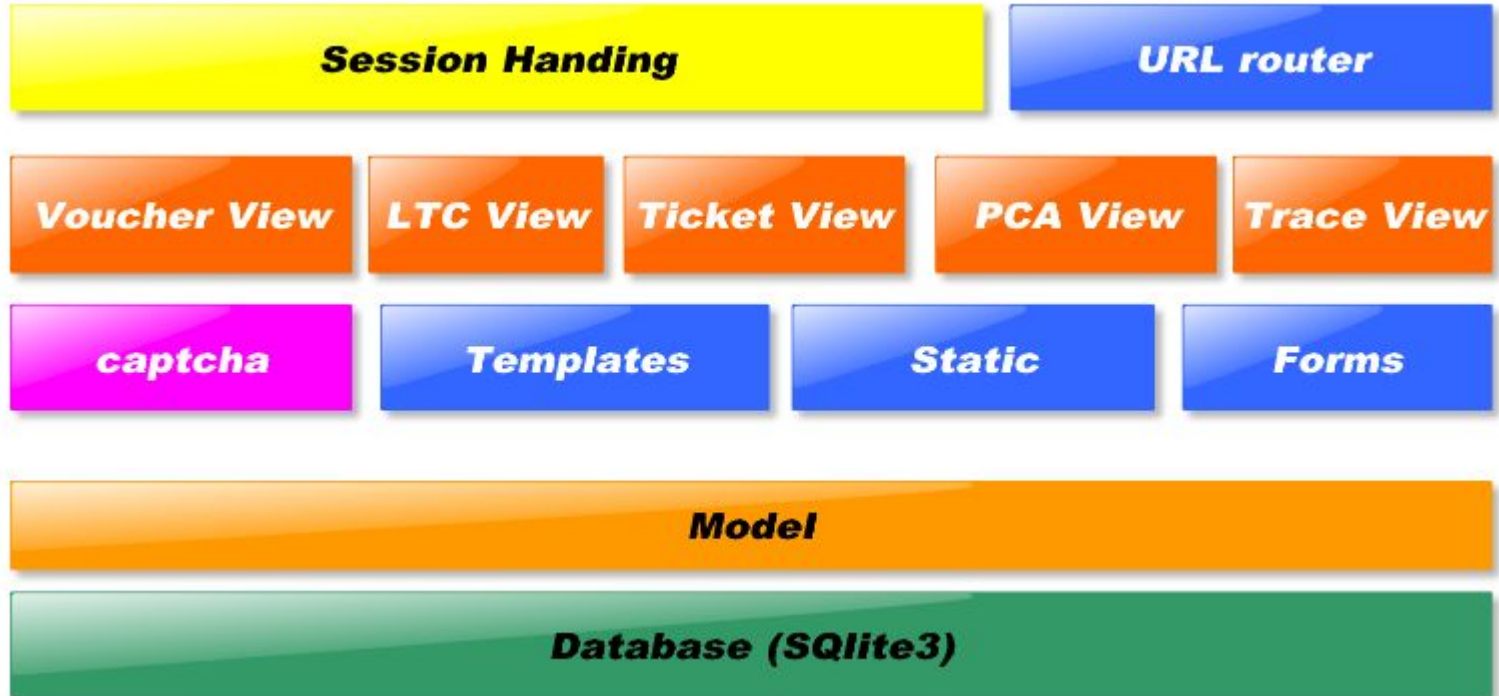
Architecture pVPKIwebapp



pVPKIwebapp Internals



pVPKIwebapp Internals : Low Level View



Function Testing

- Selenium
 - Driver for firefox and chrome on linux
 - Python unittest
- Avoiding email storm via captcha
 - Django-simple-captcha
- Testing on mobile phones and tablets
 - For iOS:
 - Emulator: apptimize.io
 - Physical: iPad mini
 - For android:
 - Physical: Samsung S4
- An integrated approach, more later.

“You cannot build secure web applications unless you know how they will be attacked”



“This was fine for your nephew’s fifth, Sire, but I fear it is set for a sterner test.”

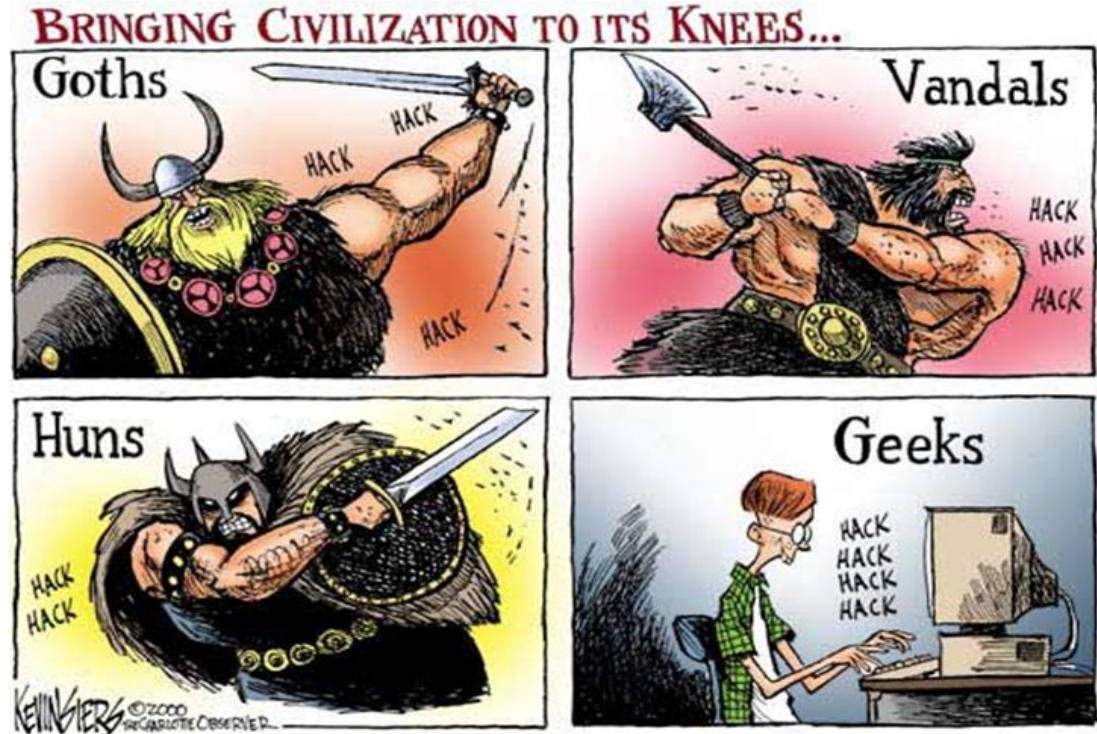
Is my Application vulnerable?

- Perform “Application Assessment” to find vulnerabilities
 - Vulnerability scanning
 - Code review
 - Penetration Testing
 - Static Analysis



Open Web App. Security Project (OWASP)

- Introduction
- Application Security
- OWASP Top 10
- Proactive Controls



OWASP Top10 from 2013



[OWASP.ORG]

Lab work server side

- WebGoat
 - To study real vulnerabilities, hands-on.
 - Version 7.1 latest
 - `Java -jar webogat7.1-exec.jar; firefox localhost:8080`
- Vulnhub's BWAPP-BEE-BOX
 - <https://www.vulnhub.com/entry/bwapp-bee-box-v16,53/>
- OWASP Broken Web Applications Project
 - [Download OWASP_Broken_Web_Apps_VM_1.2.7z \(1.8 GB\)](#)
- Tools
 - OWASP ZAP

Lab work client side

Firefox addons

- OWASPmantra
 - For firefox, apt-get install owasp-mantra-ff
 - For chrome, <http://www.getmantra.com/mantra-on-chromium.html>
- Cookies Manager+
- Firebug
- Hackbar
- Http Requester
- Passive Recon

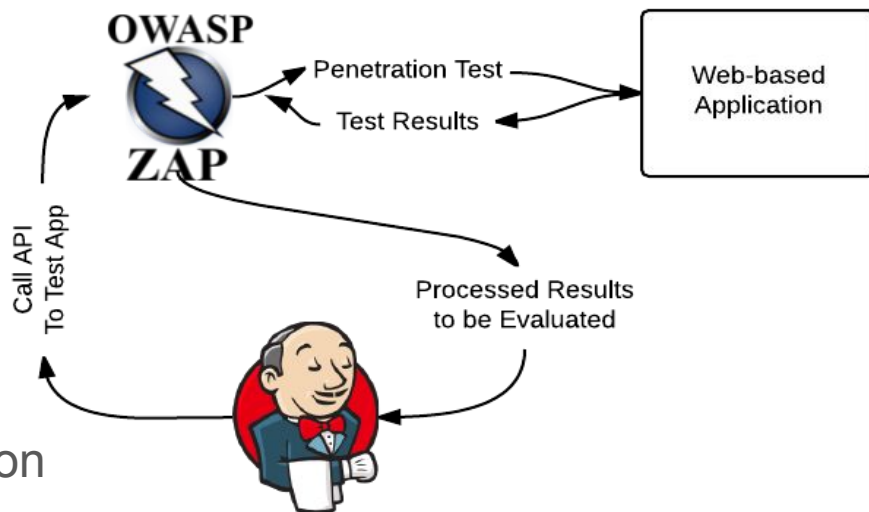
Setup

- Virtualbox running Ubuntu Linux VM
 - Running the pVPKIwebapp
 - Via KTH VPN connected
- Virtualbox running latest Kali Linux
 - Running firefox with extra client side plugins installed
 - Running interception proxy and other tools
- Tools
 - E.g.an interception proxy : Zed Attack Proxy (ZAP)

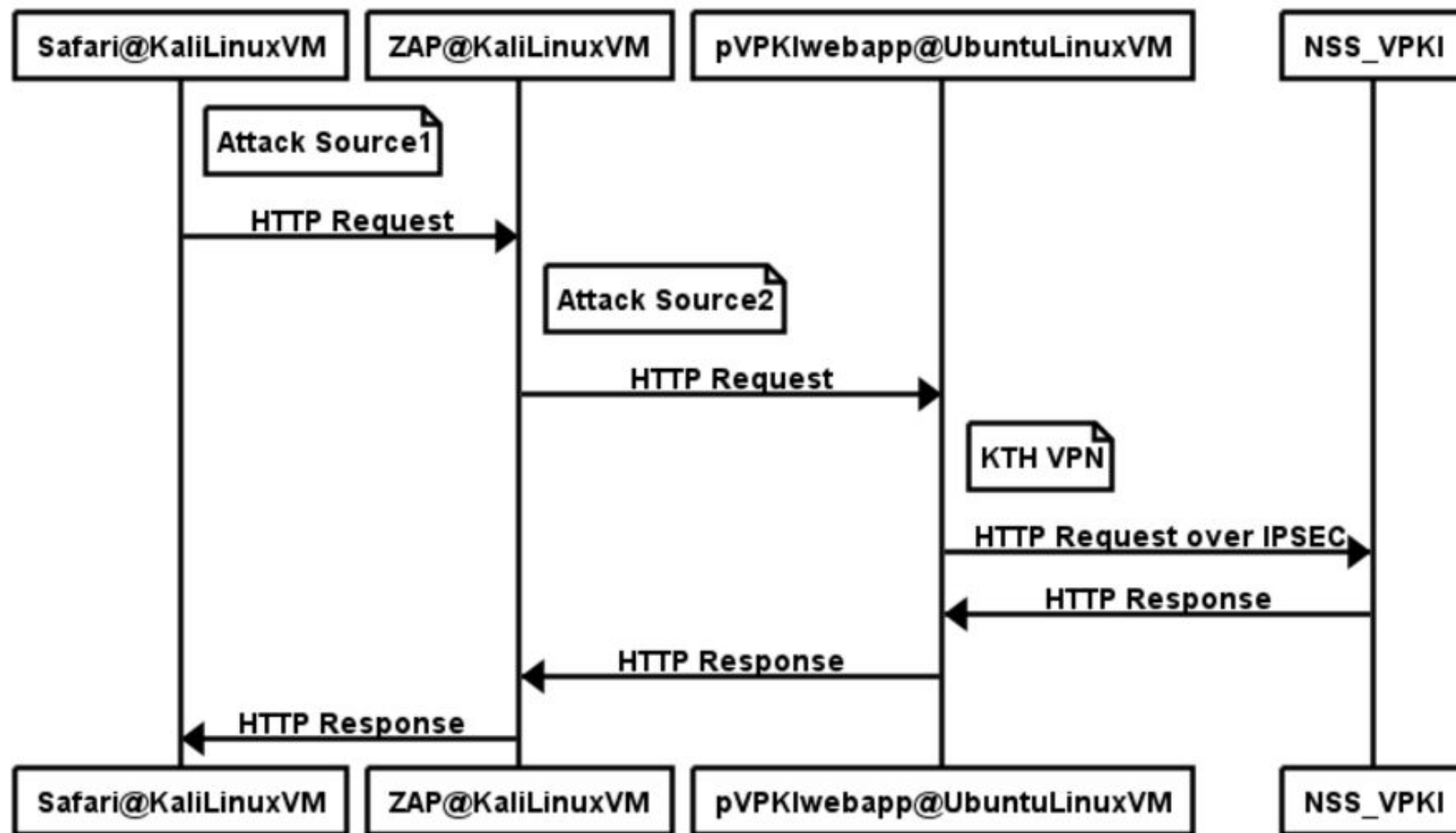
ZED Attack Proxy (ZAP) - an interception proxy

- Modes
 - Passive
 - Active
- Attacks
 - CSRF
 - XSS
 - Input Validation
 - Fuzzing

- Optional ZAP Python API
- Optional Selenium integration

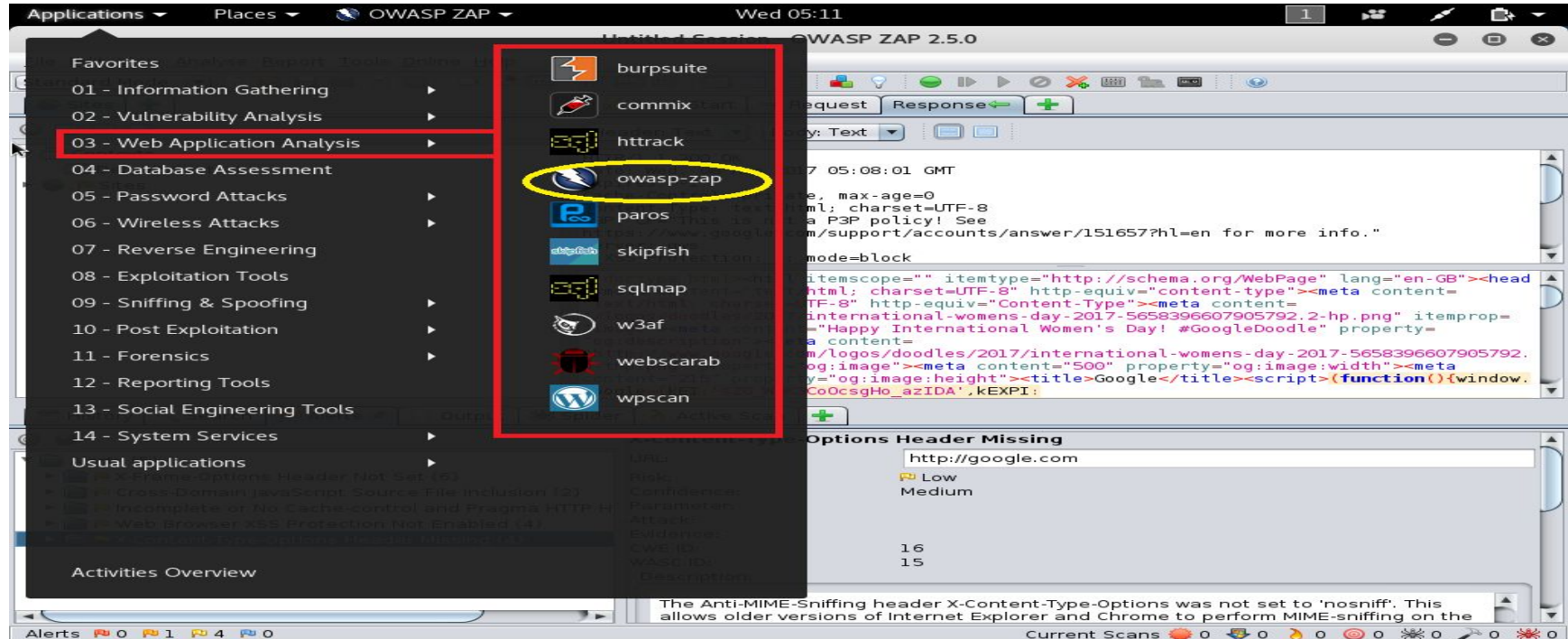


Security Testing Setup



ZAP : analysis of results

Explained during the demo along with the analysis of the ZAP results.



Future work

- Implement other NSS VPKI use cases e.g. roaming into a foreign domain.
- Depending on how the web gui should be used, implement additional security countermeasures e.g
 - Secure handling and storage for cryptographic keys
- Based on the python API, create a test bed for experimenting with VPKI. VPKI Emulation Lab.
 - V2V experimentation and proof of concepts

Demo

- Python API
- Web GUI
- Security Testing

Thankyou for listening!

Questions