

LECTURE 2: Local structure of algebraic stacks

- 2.1 When is a stack a quotient stack?
- 2.2 (Linearly) fundamental stacks
- 2.3 Local structure of schemes and algebraic spaces
- 2.4 Local structure of DM-stacks
- 2.5 Local structure of algebraic stacks
- 2.6 Examples and counter-examples
- 2.7 Outline of proof

2.1 When is a stack a quotient stack?

$$\mathcal{X} = [U/G] \Rightarrow \begin{array}{ccc} U & \longrightarrow & \text{Spec } k \\ \downarrow & \square & \downarrow \\ \mathcal{X} & \longrightarrow & BG \end{array}$$

U alg. space $\Leftrightarrow \mathcal{X} \rightarrow BG$ representable (by alg. spaces)
 $\Leftrightarrow \forall x \in |\mathcal{X}| \quad G_x \xrightarrow{\text{injective}} G$
 (well-defined up to conj.)

G affine $\Rightarrow \exists G \hookrightarrow GL_n$

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} U \times GL_n & \xrightarrow{G} & GL_n/G & \longrightarrow & \text{Spec } k \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ \mathcal{X} & \longrightarrow & BG & \longrightarrow & BGL_n \end{array}$$

Def: \mathcal{X} quotient stack $\stackrel{\text{def}}{\Leftrightarrow} \mathcal{X} = [U/G_n] \Leftrightarrow \mathcal{X} = [V/G_n]$ G affine
 U alg space V alg space
 $\Leftrightarrow \exists \mathcal{E}$ v.b. $\forall x \in |\mathcal{X}| \quad G_x$ acts faithfully on \mathcal{E}_x .

Def: \mathcal{X} has resolution property if $\forall \mathcal{F} \in \text{QCoh}_{\text{f.t.}}(\mathcal{X}) \quad \exists$ v.b. \mathcal{E} and $\mathcal{E} \rightarrow \mathcal{F}$.

Thm (Totaro '04, Gross '17) \mathcal{X} res prop + aff. stab + qcqs

$$\Leftrightarrow \mathcal{X} = [\text{quasi-affine} / GL_n]$$

2.2 Linearly fundamental stacks

\mathcal{X} qcqs, cohomologically affine (i.e. Γ exact)

$\Leftrightarrow \mathcal{X} \rightarrow \text{Spec}(\Gamma(\mathcal{X}, \mathcal{O}_{\mathcal{X}}))$ good moduli space

Let \mathcal{X} as above
Lemma: TFAE

\mathcal{X} quasi stack $\Leftrightarrow \mathcal{X}$ res prop $\Leftrightarrow \mathcal{X} = [\text{affine}/GL_n]$
~~(+ aff. stack)~~ \Leftrightarrow \mathcal{X} aff. stack \Leftrightarrow \mathcal{X} res prop + aff. stack

pf: \Leftarrow obvious. If \mathcal{X} quasi stack, then $\mathcal{X} = [U/GL_n]$ with U alg space
~~to be affine~~
 $U \rightarrow \mathcal{X}$ affine $\Rightarrow U$ coh affine $\Rightarrow U$ affine
 Serre's theorem

Def: \mathcal{X} fundamental if $\mathcal{X} = [\text{affine}/GL_n]$

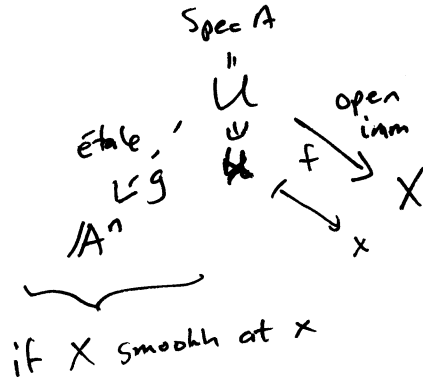
\mathcal{X} lin fundamental if $\text{---} \llcorner$ and \mathcal{X} cohomologically aff

Rmk: fund \Leftrightarrow lin fund in char 0

In general, fund \Rightarrow adequately affine.

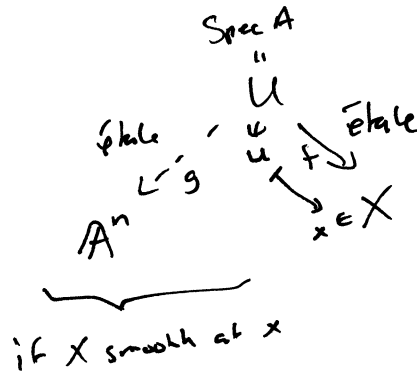
2.3 Local structure for schemes and algebraic spaces

X scheme
 $x \in X$



(can take $g(u) = 0$
if $K(x)$ sep. over k)

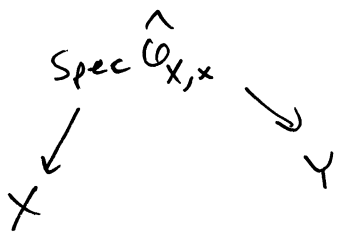
X alg space
 $x \in X$



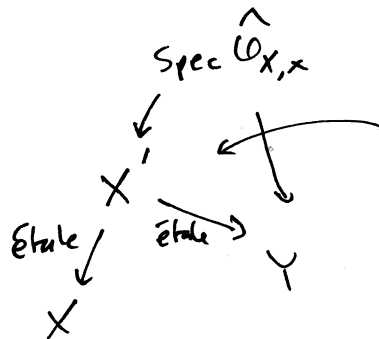
— 1. —
 $k(u) = k(x)$

Thm (Artin '69) X, Y finite type over excellent scheme (e.g. field)
 $x \in X, y \in Y$ ~~is~~ $\exists \hat{\mathcal{O}}_{X,x} \cong \hat{\mathcal{O}}_{Y,y} \iff \exists \begin{array}{ccc} \text{ét} & (u,u) & \text{ét} \\ \swarrow & & \searrow \\ (X,x) & & (Y,y) \end{array}$
w/ $k(x) = k(u) = k(y)$

pf Artin approximation on X :



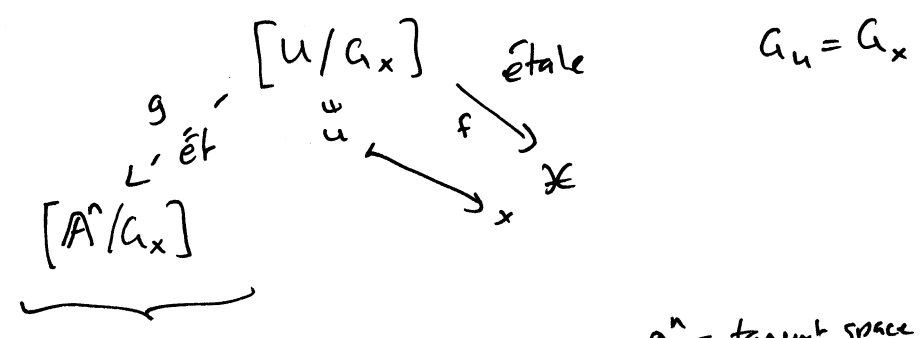
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not commutative
but up to m_x^2
 $\Rightarrow \hat{\mathcal{O}}_{X,x} \cong \hat{\mathcal{O}}_{Y,y}$

2.4 Local structure for DM-stacks

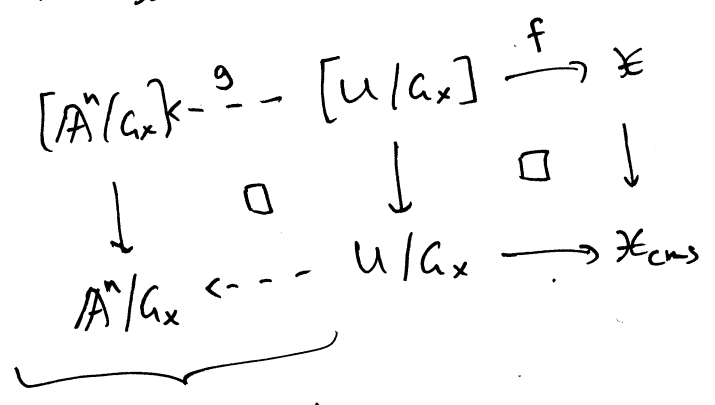
Thm ("Keel-Mori") ($U = \bar{U}$ for simplicity) $\mathcal{X} \in \text{DM-stack}/k$, $x \in \mathcal{X}(k)$
 Then $\exists U$ affine



if \mathcal{X} smooth at x and G_x lin red. G_x acts lin. on $A^n = \text{tangent space at } x$.

- If $\Delta_{\mathcal{X}}$ sep, then f repr + sep.
- If $\Delta_{\mathcal{X}}$ finite, then f stabilizer-preserving. (this is used to construct \mathcal{X}_{cms})

Cor: If $I_{\mathcal{X}}$ finite ($\Rightarrow \mathcal{X}_{\text{cms}}$) then:



if \mathcal{X} smooth at x

pf of Thm: Pick an étale pres $V \xrightarrow{p} \mathcal{X}$ and use (variant of) Hilb (V/\mathcal{X}) . to reduce to p finite étale. Then to Σ_d and then G_x (see Exercise 2.1)

pf of Cor: Luna's fund. lemma (later in general)

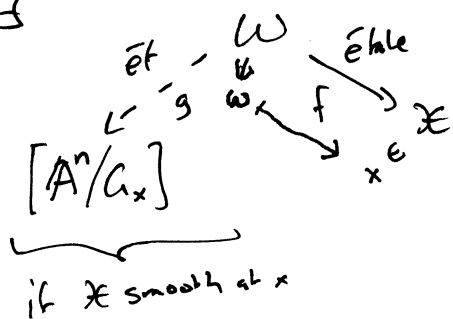
2.5 Local structure of Artin stacks

[AHR1, Thms 1.1, 1.2] + [AHR2, Thm 1.1]

Thm 1.5 ($h=\bar{h}$ for simplicity) \mathcal{X} alg stack f.p./ h , $x \in \mathcal{X}(h)$. Assume

- (1) \mathcal{X} has affine stabilizers.
- (2) G_x ~~has~~ lin. reductive.

Then \exists



$$W = [\text{Spec } A/G_x]$$

ω
 ω closed pt.

f stab. pres. at ω .

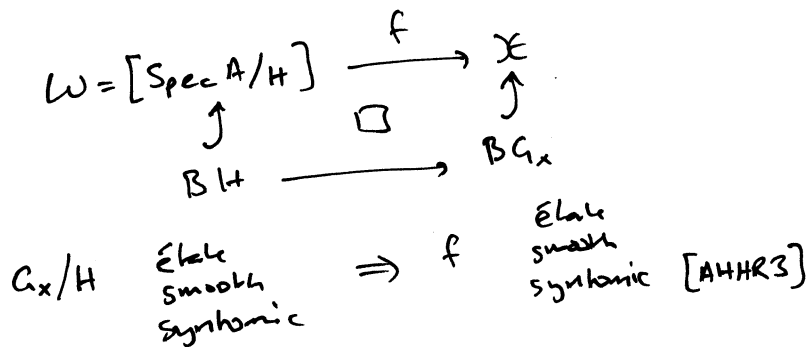
(a) If $\Delta_{\mathcal{X}}$ affine, then f affine.

(b) If $\Delta_{\mathcal{X}}$ sep, then f repr.

(c) If \mathcal{X} has gms, then $\begin{array}{ccc} \omega & \xrightarrow{\text{\textit{ét}}} & \mathcal{X} \\ g_x \downarrow & \square & \downarrow g_x \\ \omega & \xrightarrow{\text{\textit{ét}}} & x \end{array}$ (and always sim. for g)

Generalizations

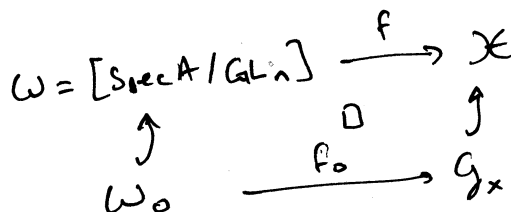
(i) Given $H \subset G_x$ lin. red. \Rightarrow



(ii) Over arb base [AHR2]

given $\omega_0 \xrightarrow{f_0} G_x$

lin fund gerbe



f_0 $\text{\textit{ét}}$ /sm/synt $\Rightarrow f$ $\text{\textit{ét}}$ /sm/synt

(iii) [AHR3]

given $\omega_0 \xrightarrow{f_0} \mathcal{X}_0$ lin fund

$\text{\textit{ét}}$ /sm/synt \Rightarrow as above

(iv) \mathcal{X} not nec f.p./base.

2.6 Examples of local structure theorem

Known case:

$$\textcircled{1} \mathcal{X} = [U/G] \quad \begin{array}{l} U \text{ affine} \\ G \text{ linned} \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{Luna's} \\ \text{\u00e9tale slice} \\ \implies \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} [Z/G_x] \\ \text{"} \\ \xrightarrow{\u00e9t} \mathcal{X} \end{array}$$

where $Z \hookrightarrow U$ loc closed

also works when U normal scheme, G ~~aff smooth~~ G_x linned using Sumitomo [AK16, Rmk 3.7]

$$\textcircled{2} \text{ Another Sumitomo result: } \mathcal{X} = [U/T] \quad \begin{array}{l} U \text{ normal scheme} \\ T \text{ torus} \end{array} \quad x \in U.$$

$$\implies \exists \omega \xrightarrow{\text{open}} \mathcal{X} \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{"} \\ [V/T] \end{array} \quad V \subset U \text{ aff. open nbhd of } x$$

$$\textcircled{3} \mathcal{X} = [\alpha / G_m] \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{node has no open affine } G_m\text{-equiv nbhds.} \\ \text{proj cusp.} \end{array}$$

[AHR1, Ex 1.6]

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{node} \\ \cup \\ \text{cusp} \end{array} \xrightarrow[2:1]{\u00e9t} \alpha \quad G_m\text{-equiv}$$

$$\text{node} = \text{cusp} = \text{Spec } k[x,y]/(xy)$$

$$\omega = [cusp / G_m] \xrightarrow{\u00e9t} [\alpha / G_m]$$

$$\textcircled{4} \text{ Log parametrizes log structures. A k-point is a f.g. integral monoid } M.$$

[AHR1, Ex 1.8]

$$\text{Ex: } \text{Aut}(N^r \oplus k^x) = G_m^r \times \Sigma_r$$

$$\implies \text{log structure } M \oplus k^x \longrightarrow k \quad \begin{cases} \lambda & \text{if } m=0 \\ 0 & \text{if } m \neq 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\text{Local structure } \begin{array}{ccc} [\text{Spec } k[M]/M^{\text{gp}}] & \longrightarrow & \text{Log repr. \u00e9t} \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ 0 & \longrightarrow & [M] \end{array} \quad \text{not stab. pres}$$

$$\text{Ex: } [A^r / G_m^r] \longrightarrow \text{Log repr. + \u00e9t.}$$

$$B G_m^r \longrightarrow B G_m^r \times \Sigma_r$$

$$[A^r / G_m^r \times \Sigma_r] \longrightarrow \text{Log \u00e9t, stab pres at } 0 \quad \text{not repr. (gen: } B \Sigma_r \rightarrow *)$$

Reason: Δ_{Log} not separated!

Counter-examples

⑤ $\exists G \rightarrow A^1$ grp scheme w/ generic fiber E elliptic curve
special fiber C_m .

[AHR1, Ex 1.5]

$$X = BG \quad \nexists [\text{Spec } A / C_m] \xrightarrow{\text{étale}} BG$$

NB! BG does not have étale stab.

⑥ $\exists G \rightarrow A^1$ grp scheme w/ generic fiber C_m
special fiber C_a

[AHR1, Ex 1.4]

$$\text{Spec } k[x,y,z] \quad \text{Spec } k[x]$$

$$X = BG \quad \nexists [\text{Spec } A / C_a] \xrightarrow{\text{étale}} BG$$

NB! C_a not (lin) red.

2.7 Outline of proof

$$\omega_0 \xrightarrow{f_0} \mathcal{X}_0 \quad \text{ét/smooth (or synt.)}$$

$$\left(\begin{array}{c} \parallel \\ \text{BH} \end{array} \right) \quad \left(\begin{array}{c} \parallel \\ \text{BG}_x \end{array} \right)$$

or lin fund

Def: $\mathcal{X}^{[n]} = n$ th inh nbhd of $\mathcal{X}_0 = V(m_x^{n+1}) \hookrightarrow \mathcal{X}$

Step 1: $\exists \omega_0 \xrightarrow{f_0} \omega_1 \hookrightarrow \omega_2 \hookrightarrow \dots$

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} & & \square & \square & \square & \square & \\ f_0 \downarrow & & \downarrow f_1 & \square & \downarrow f_2 & \square & \\ \mathcal{X}^{[0]} & \hookrightarrow & \mathcal{X}^{[1]} & \hookrightarrow & \mathcal{X}^{[2]} & \hookrightarrow & \dots \end{array}$$

f_i : ét/smooth

(infinitesimal) deformation theory (trivial step if $\omega_0 = \mathcal{X}_0$)

Step 2 $\exists \hat{\omega} = [\text{Spec } B/H]$ s.th. $\omega_0 \xrightarrow{\text{closed}} \hat{\omega}$, $\omega_n = \omega^{[n]}$

(or lin fund) $\text{Coh}(\hat{\omega}) \xrightarrow{\sim} \varprojlim \text{Coh}(\omega_n)$

Step 3: Tannaka duality $\Rightarrow \hat{\omega} = \varprojlim \omega_n \Rightarrow \exists \hat{\omega} \xrightarrow{\hat{f}} \mathcal{X}$

(Thm CP)
 + Thm E

coherent completeness
 and effectivity

extending $\{f_n\}$

Step 4: Artin approximation (if \mathcal{X} smooth) $\Rightarrow \exists \hat{\omega} \xrightarrow{\hat{f}} \omega \xrightarrow{f} \mathcal{X}$

or equiv Artin algebraization (general) $\hat{\omega} \xrightarrow{\hat{f}} \omega \xrightarrow{f} \mathcal{X}$

(Thm EAA)
 [Spec A/H]
 f.t./k
 f ét/smooth

Refinements

- (a) fairly easy using coh. aff.
- (b) using a result of [AHH19]
- (c) follows from Luna's fundamental lemma. (Thm LF)