

Algebraic stacks #11

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Root stacks: (Torger)

Ref (Cadman '07 "Using stacks to impose tangency conditions on curves")

§ Root of line bundles (root gerbes)

Motivation: $L \in \text{Pic } X$. Does there exist $M \in \text{Pic } X$ s.th. $M^{\otimes n} \cong L$?

Not always but root stacks provide this:

$$X' \xrightarrow{p} X, \quad L' \in \text{Pic } X' \text{ s.th. } p^*L \cong (L')^{\otimes n}$$

Recall:

$$\{X \rightarrow \text{BG}_m\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{c} E \text{ principal} \\ \downarrow \\ X \text{ } \mathcal{O}_m\text{-bundle} \end{array} \right\} = \{L \in \text{Pic } X\}$$

Def (Root of $L \in \text{Pic } X$) We have $\mathcal{O}_m \xrightarrow{\wedge^r} \mathcal{O}_m \rightsquigarrow \text{BG}_m \xrightarrow{\overline{\theta}_r} \text{BG}_m$

This gives:

$$\begin{array}{ccc} X_{L,r} & \longrightarrow & \text{BG}_m \\ \downarrow \square & & \downarrow \overline{\theta}_r \\ X & \xrightarrow{[L]} & \text{BG}_m \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} L & \xrightarrow{\quad} & L^{\otimes r} \\ \uparrow & & \uparrow \\ \text{BG}_m(X) & & \text{BG}_m(X) \end{array}$$

Different notations

$$X_{L,r} = r^{\text{th}} \text{ root stack of } L \text{ ("root gerbe")} = \sqrt[r]{L} = X(\sqrt[r]{L})$$

$$X_{L,r}(T) = \left\{ T \xrightarrow{p} X, \quad L' \in \text{Pic } T: p^*L \cong (L')^{\otimes n} \right\}$$

Ex: $\sqrt[n]{\mathcal{O}_{A'}} \rightarrow \text{BG}_m$. Then $\sqrt[n]{\mathcal{O}_{A'}} = A' \times \text{B}\mu_n$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \sqrt[n]{\mathcal{O}_{A'}} & \longrightarrow & \text{BG}_m \\ \downarrow \square & & \downarrow \overline{\theta}_n \\ A' & \xrightarrow{[\mathcal{O}]} & \text{BG}_m \end{array}$$

§ Generalized Cartier divisors

Def A generalized Cartier div is (L, s) where $L \in \text{Pic } X$, $s \in \Gamma(X, L)$.

Ex: D eff. Cartier div $\rightsquigarrow (\mathcal{O}(D), s_D)$ gen. Cartier div.

Prop: $[A'/G_m](T) = \{(L, s)\}$

Osson: Constructs a fibered category with

obj: $(T, (L, s))$

mor: $(T', (L', s')) \longrightarrow (T, (L, s))$ is $\begin{cases} g: T' \rightarrow T \\ g^b: (L', s') \xrightarrow{\cong} (g^*L, s^*s) \end{cases}$

More intuitively: $[A'/G_m](T) = \left\{ \begin{array}{c} P \xrightarrow{f} A' \\ \downarrow \text{G}_m\text{-bundle} \\ T \end{array} \right\} \quad k[t] \xrightarrow{\text{nil}} \bigoplus_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} L^n$

$$\rightsquigarrow P \times A' \longrightarrow A' \quad \rightsquigarrow L := P \times_{G_m} A' \xrightarrow{s} A'$$

$$x, \lambda \longmapsto \lambda x$$

$$P \times A'/G_m \xleftarrow{\mu} \mu \cdot (x, \lambda) = (x\mu^{-1}, \mu\lambda)$$

L is the associated line bundle

$$\downarrow_T \quad \text{and } s: L \rightarrow A' \Leftrightarrow \mathcal{L}^\vee \rightarrow \mathcal{O}_T \Leftrightarrow \mathcal{O}_T \rightarrow \mathcal{L} \quad (L = \text{Spec Sym}(\mathcal{L}^\vee))$$

$\theta_r: [A'/G_m] \longrightarrow [A'/G_m]$ given by

$$\begin{array}{ccc} A' & \xrightarrow{\wedge^r} & \wedge^r A' \\ G_m & \xrightarrow{\wedge^r} & G_m \\ a & \longmapsto & a^r \end{array}$$

$(L, s) \in [A'/G_m](T)$

$$\Rightarrow \theta_r(L, s) = (L^{\otimes r}, s^{\otimes r})$$

§ Root stacks of (generalized) Cartier divisors

Def: Root stack $X_{(L,s,r)}$ of generalized Cartier divisor (L,s) :

$$\begin{array}{ccc} X_{(L,s,r)} & \longrightarrow & [A'/G_m] \\ \downarrow & \square & \downarrow \theta_r \\ X & \longrightarrow & [A'/G_m] \end{array}$$

Different notations: $X_{(L,s,r)} = \sqrt{r}(L,s) = X(\sqrt{r}L,s)$

$$X_{(L,s,r)}(T) = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} g: T \rightarrow X, (M, \lambda) \text{ gen. cd on } T, \delta: M^{\otimes r} \xrightarrow{\cong} L \\ \text{s.t. } \delta \circ \lambda^r = g^*s \end{array} \right\}$$

Ex: $X = \mathbb{A}^1$, $L = \mathcal{O}_X$, $s = x$. Then $X_{(\mathcal{O}_X, x, r)} = [\mathbb{A}^1/\mu_r]$
"
 $\text{Spec } k[x]$

Lemma (Olsson Exc. 10F) $G \xrightarrow{\varphi} H$, $G \simeq X$, $H \simeq Y$

$X \xrightarrow{f} Y$, φ -equivariant, then if φ surjective

$$[X/K] \rightarrow [X/G]$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \downarrow & \square & \downarrow \\ Y & \longrightarrow & [Y/H] \end{array}$$

where $K = \ker(\varphi)$.

Apply Lemma with $\varphi = \theta_r: G_m \rightarrow G_m$, $\ker(\theta_r) = \mu_r$ to deduce example.

Prop (Olsson, 10.3.10 (ii)) Let (\mathcal{O}_X, s) gcd on X . Then

$$X_{(\mathcal{O}_X, s, r)} = [\text{Spec}_X \mathcal{O}_X[t]/(t^n - s) / \mu_r]$$

pf:

$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
 X \times [A'/\mu_r] & \rightarrow & [A'/\mu_r] & \rightarrow & [A'/\mathfrak{m}_r] \\
 \downarrow A' & & \downarrow \square & & \downarrow \mathcal{O}_r \\
 X & \xrightarrow{s} & A' & \xrightarrow{(\mathcal{O}, x)} & [A'/\mathfrak{m}_r]
 \end{array}$$

□

Cor $X_{(L, s, r)} \rightarrow X$ iso on $U = \{s \neq 0\}$.

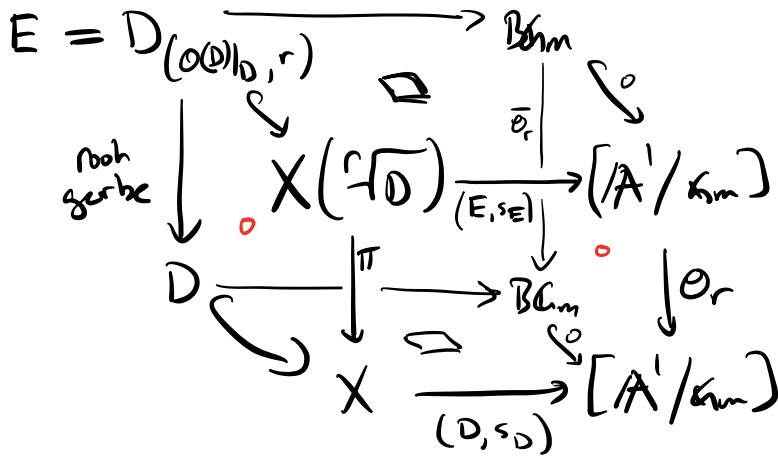
§ Comparison

$X_{(L, r)}$ root scheme vs $X_{(L, s, r)}$ root stack at s_r div.

$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
 X_{(L, r)} & \longrightarrow & \text{Bérm} & \xrightarrow{\circ} & \\
 \downarrow & & \downarrow \text{inf. thickening} & & \\
 \text{root stack } X_{(L, 0, r)} & \longrightarrow & Y & \longrightarrow & [A'/\mathfrak{m}_r] \\
 \downarrow \square & & \downarrow & & \downarrow \mathcal{O}_r \\
 \text{root scheme } X_{(L, r)} & \longrightarrow & \text{Bérm} & \xrightarrow{\square} & [A'/\mathfrak{m}_r] \\
 \downarrow \square & & \downarrow \bar{\mathcal{O}}_r & & \\
 X & \xrightarrow{(L, 0)} & \text{Bérm} & \xrightarrow{\circ} & [A'/\mathfrak{m}_r]
 \end{array}$$

§ Root stacks of usual effective divisors

Def: $X(\sqrt[r]{D}) := X_{(\mathcal{O}(D), s_D, r)}$



NB! Commutative squares
left/right not cartesian.

E "exceptional divisor"
 $rE = \pi^{-1}(D)$

- Facts:
- X, D smooth $\Rightarrow X_{D,r}$ smooth
 - $D = D_1 + D_2 + \dots + D_n$ snc divisor

$$X \xrightarrow{(\mathcal{O}(D_i), s_{D_i})_{i=1}^n} [A'/\mathcal{O}_r]^n = [A^n/\mathcal{O}_r^n]$$

$$X(\sqrt[r]{D_1}, \sqrt[r]{D_2}, \dots, \sqrt[r]{D_n}) \xrightarrow{\text{smooth}} X \left(\begin{array}{c} \text{iterated root or fiber prod} \\ X(\sqrt[r]{D_1}) \times \dots \times X(\sqrt[r]{D_n}) \end{array} \right)$$

- Δ_X finite $\Rightarrow \Delta_{X_{(L, s, r)}}$ finite
- X DM, $r \in \mathcal{O}_X^\times \Rightarrow X_{(L, s, r)}$ DM

(2nd hour: Jon-Magnus)

§1 Root stacks as global quotients

(ref: Quik-Rydh '22 "Weighted blow-ups")

§ Stack-theoretic Proj

$$R = \bigoplus_{n \geq 0} R_n \text{ quasi-coh. } \mathbb{Z}\text{-graded } \mathcal{O}_X\text{-mod}$$

$$R_+ = \bigoplus_{n \geq 1} R_n$$

\mathbb{Z} -grading $\Rightarrow \mathbb{G}_m$ -action on $\text{Spec } R$.

$$\mathbb{G}_m \times \text{Spec } R \xrightarrow{\alpha} \text{Spec } R$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} R[t^{\pm 1}] = \mathbb{Z}[t^{\pm 1}] \otimes_{\mathbb{Z}} R & \longleftarrow & R \\ rt^n & \longleftarrow & r \in R_n \end{array}$$

Given a point $x: \text{Spec } k \rightarrow \text{Spec}_X R$, get stabilizer:

$$\begin{array}{ccc} G_x & \longrightarrow & \text{Spec } k \\ \downarrow & \square & \downarrow (x, x) \\ G_m \times \text{Spec}_X R & \longrightarrow & \text{Spec}_X R \times \text{Spec}_X R \\ & & (\alpha, \text{pr}_2) \end{array}$$

Note $G_x \subset G_m$ so either $G_x = G_m$ or $G_x = \mu_d$ for some d .

Lemma (QR 1.1.2) $G_x^V = \mathbb{Z} / \langle d : x \notin V(R_d) \rangle$

In particular, $G_x = G_m \Leftrightarrow x \in V(R_+)$.

$\mu_r \subseteq G_x \Leftrightarrow x \in V(R_n) \quad \forall n: r \nmid n.$

ph: Assume X is affine. Then $\text{Spec}_x R = \text{Spec } R$.

and $x: \text{Spec } k \rightarrow \text{Spec}_x R$ given by $\varphi_x: R \rightarrow k$.

Then x μ_r -equiv (trivial action on k) $\Leftrightarrow \varphi_x$ $\mathbb{Z}/r\mathbb{Z}$ -graded.

$\Leftrightarrow \varphi_x(R_d) = 0 \quad \forall d: r \nmid d.$

□

Def: The stack-theoretic proj of R is

$$\text{Proj}_x(R) = [\text{Spec}_x R \setminus V(R_+) / G_m]$$

Rmk: If R gen'd in deg 1, then $V(R_+) = V(R_0)$ then (by lemma)

$G_m \curvearrowright \text{Spec}_x R \setminus V(R_+)$ is free so

$$\text{Proj}_x(R) = \text{Proj}_x(R)$$

$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
 \text{Spec}_x R \setminus V(R_+) & \xrightarrow{G_m\text{-equiv}} & X & \longrightarrow & * \\
 \downarrow & \square & \downarrow & \square & \downarrow \text{univ } G_m\text{-torsor} \\
 \text{Proj}_x R & \longrightarrow & X \times B G_m & \longrightarrow & B G_m
 \end{array}$$

Ex: X scheme, \mathcal{L} line bundle on X .

$$\mathbb{W}(\mathcal{L}) = \text{Spec}_X(\text{Sym } \mathcal{L}^\vee) = \text{Spec}_X(\underbrace{\mathcal{O}_X \oplus \mathcal{L}^\vee \oplus \mathcal{L}^{\vee 2} \oplus \dots}_{\mathcal{R}})$$

$V(\mathcal{R}_+) = \text{zero-section of line bundle}$

$\mathbb{W}(\mathcal{L}) \setminus V(\mathcal{R}_+)$ is corresponding G_m -torsor

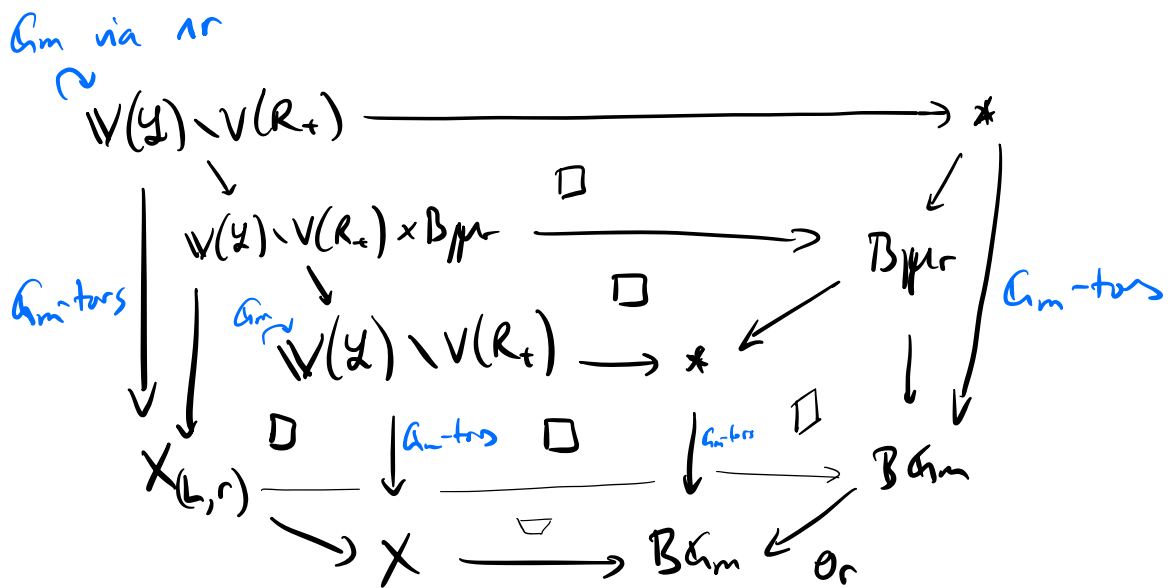
$$\Rightarrow \text{Proj}_X(\text{Sym } \mathcal{L}^\vee) = X$$

Stack gerbes as stacks Proj

We can modify the G_m -action in the previous example:

$$G_m \xrightarrow{\alpha r} G_m \simeq \mathbb{W}(\mathcal{L}) \quad \text{gives action } x \cdot t = x^r t$$

which corresponds to putting \mathcal{L}^\vee in deg r .



$$\Rightarrow X_{(L,r)} = \text{Proj} \left(\begin{matrix} \mathcal{O} & \mathcal{L}^\vee & \mathcal{L}^{\vee 2} & \dots \\ 0 & r & 2r & \dots \end{matrix} \right) \text{ is a global quotient stack.}$$

§2 Destackification

Thm (Bzrh'17) \mathcal{X} smooth stack with finite tame abelian stabilizers.

Then \exists diagram of smooth stacks

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} \mathcal{X}_n & \xrightarrow{f_n} & \mathcal{X}_{n-1} & \xrightarrow{f_{n-1}} & \dots & \xrightarrow{f_1} & \mathcal{X}_0 = \mathcal{X} \\ g \downarrow & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & X' \end{array}$$

such that:

- (1) f_1, f_2, \dots, f_n either blow-up in smooth center or root stack in smooth divisor
- (2) g is a root stack in an snc divisor $D = D_1 + \dots + D_m$ (+ a gerbe if \mathcal{X} not generically a scheme)
- (3) X' is an algebraic space.

SLOGAN: All stacks with finite tame abelian stabilizers can be built up using root stacks up to blow-ups.