

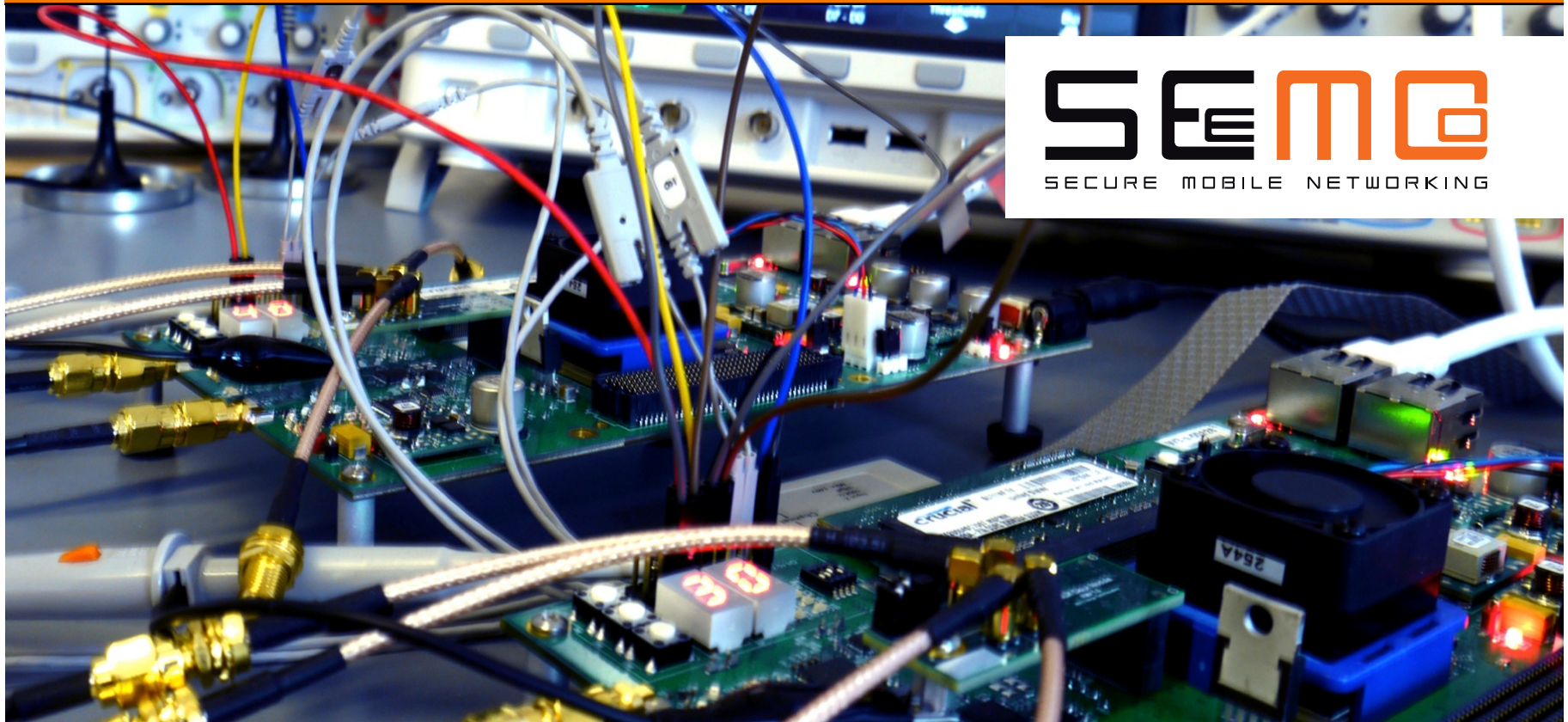
Matthias Schulz

An Object-oriented Framework to Speed Up WARP-SDR Development



TECHNISCHE
UNIVERSITÄT
DARMSTADT

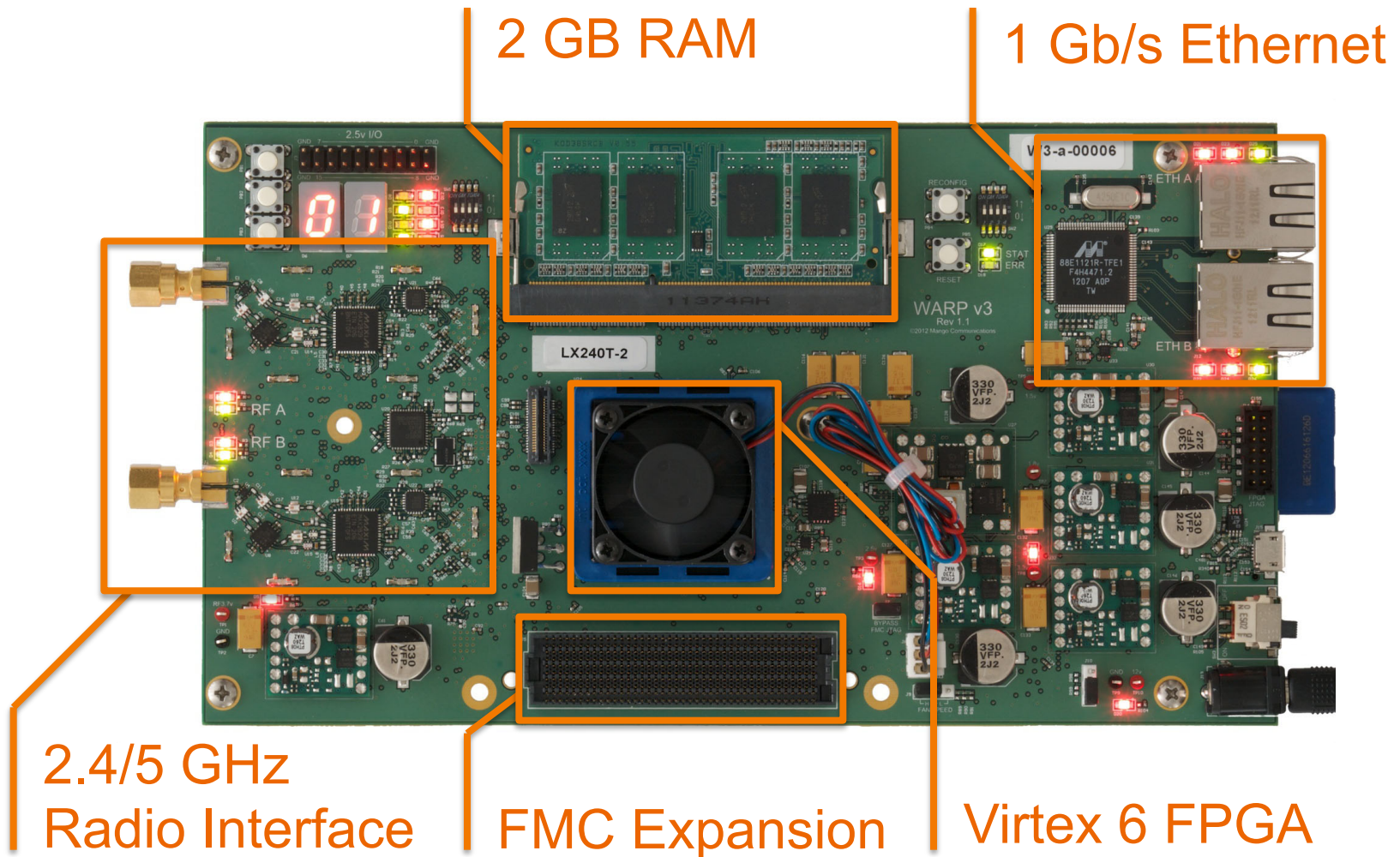
Scandinavian workshop on testbed based wireless research
Stockholm, November 27th, 2013



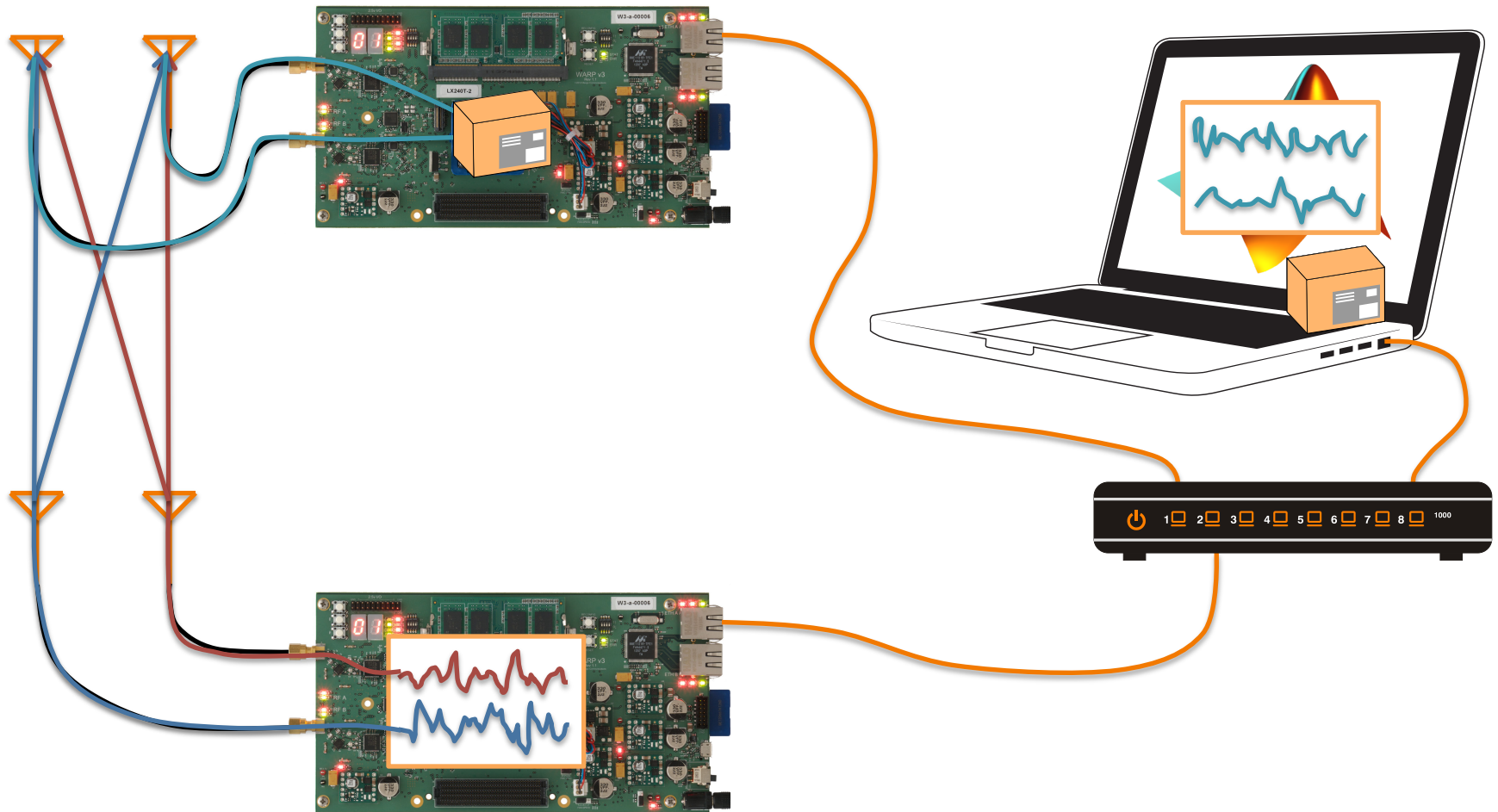
SEMG
SECURE MOBILE NETWORKING

- Introduction to WARP and WARPLab
- Scenario/Motivation
- Object-Oriented WARPLab Framework
 - Coding Examples
 - Channel Model
 - Abstraction from Physical Nodes
- Wrap-Up

Introduction to WARP



Introduction to WARPLAB



Scenario/Motivation

Development of a new algorithm

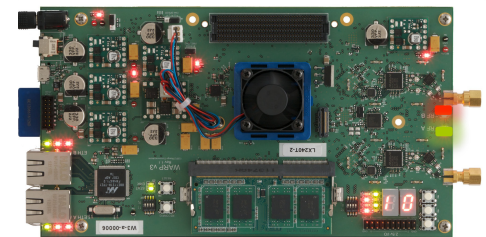
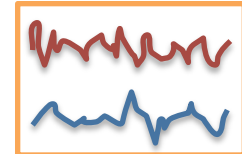
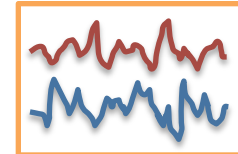
- Theory on paper
- First prototype in MATLAB
- Simulation in MATLAB
- Iterative improvements
- Evaluation on real channels with WARP and WARPLAB
- Iterative improvements
- *optional*: Real-time implementation in FPGA

$$e = mc^2$$

$$\alpha \in [-\beta; \pi]$$

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{\sigma\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{x-\mu}{\sigma}\right)^2}$$

$$X_k = \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} x_n e^{-j2\pi k \frac{n}{N}}$$



Two separate scripts/programs

Design of our Object-Oriented WARPLab Framework



Experiment

OO WARPLab Framework

WARPLab

WARP Hardware

Simulation

Channel Model

WarpLab 6 Example

Transmission using Radio 2 of WARP Node 1

```
warplab_defines
[socketHandles, packetNum] = warplab_initialize;
udp_Sync = socketHandles(1); udp_node1 = socketHandles(2);
warplab_writeRegister(udp_node1, TX_LENGTH, 2000);
warplab_setRadioParameter(udp_node1, CARRIER_CHANNEL, 14);
warplab_setRadioParameter(udp_node1, RADIO2_TXGAINS, (40 + 3*2^16));
TxData = exp(linspace(0, 2000/40e6, 2000)*j*2*pi*1e6);
warplab_writeSMW0(udp_node1, RADIO2_TXDATA, TxData);
warplab_sendCmd(udp_node1, RADIO2_TXEN, packetNum);
warplab_sendCmd(udp_node1, RADIO2TXBUFF_TXEN, packetNum);
warplab_sendCmd(udp_node1, TX_START, packetNum);
warplab_sendSync(udp_Sync);
warplab_sendCmd(udp_node1, RADIO2TXBUFF_TXDIS, packetNum);
warplab_sendCmd(udp_node1, RADIO2_TXDIS, packetNum);
pnet('closeall');
```

What do we
need to
change to
transmit
using radio 1?

Design of our Object-Oriented WARPLab Framework



Experiment

OO WARPLab Framework

WARPLab

WARP Hardware

Simulation

Channel Model

OO WARPLab Framework

CWarplab

CWarpnode

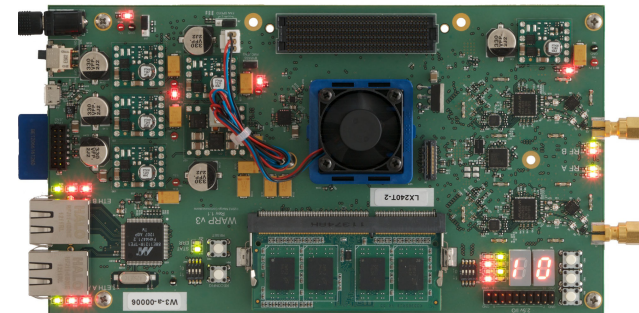
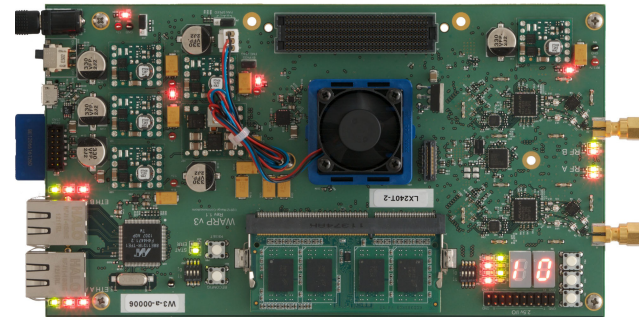
CRadio

CRadio

CWarpnode

CRadio

CRadio



OO WARPLab Framework

CWarplab

CWarpnode

CRadio

CRadio

CWarpnode

CRadio

CRadio

```
warplab = CWarplab( ...
```

```
    CWarpnode( ...
```

```
        'radio1', CRadio(), ...
```

```
        'radio2', CRadio(), ...
```

```
    ), ...
```

```
    CWarpnode(...
```

```
        'radio1', CRadio(), ...
```

```
        'radio2', CRadio(), ...
```

```
    ) ...
```

```
);
```

WarpLab 6 Example

Transmission using Radio 2 of WARP Node 1

```
warplab_defines
[socketHandles, packetNum] = warplab_initialize;
udp_Sync = socketHandles(1); udp_node1 = socketHandles(2);
warplab_writeRegister(udp_node1, TX_LENGTH, 2000);
warplab_setRadioParameter(udp_node1, CARRIER_CHANNEL, 14);
warplab_setRadioParameter(udp_node1, RADIO2_TXGAINS, (40 + 3*2^16));
TxData = exp(linspace(0, 2000/40e6, 2000)*j*2*pi*1e6);
warplab_writeSMW0(udp_node1, RADIO2_TXDATA, TxData);
warplab_sendCmd(udp_node1, RADIO2_TXEN, packetNum);
warplab_sendCmd(udp_node1, RADIO2TXBUFF_TXEN, packetNum);
warplab_sendCmd(udp_node1, TX_START, packetNum);
warplab_sendSync(udp_Sync);
warplab_sendCmd(udp_node1, RADIO2TXBUFF_TXDIS, packetNum);
warplab_sendCmd(udp_node1, RADIO2_TXDIS, packetNum);
pnet('closeall');
```

What do we
need to
change to
transmit
using radio 1?

OO WARPLab Framework Example

Transmission using Radio 2 of WARP Node 1

```
warplab = CWarplab(...  
    CWarplabnode(...  
        'radio2', CRadio(...  
            'dir', 'tx'...  
        ), ...  
        'txlength', 2000 ...  
    )...  
);
```

What do we
need to
change to
transmit
using radio 1?

```
TxData = exp(linspace(0,2000/40e6,2000)*j*2*pi*1e6);  
warplab.nodes(1).radio2.txdata = TxData;  
warplab.transferDataStartTransmission();  
pnet('closeall');
```

Design of our Object-Oriented WARPLab Framework



Experiment and Simulation

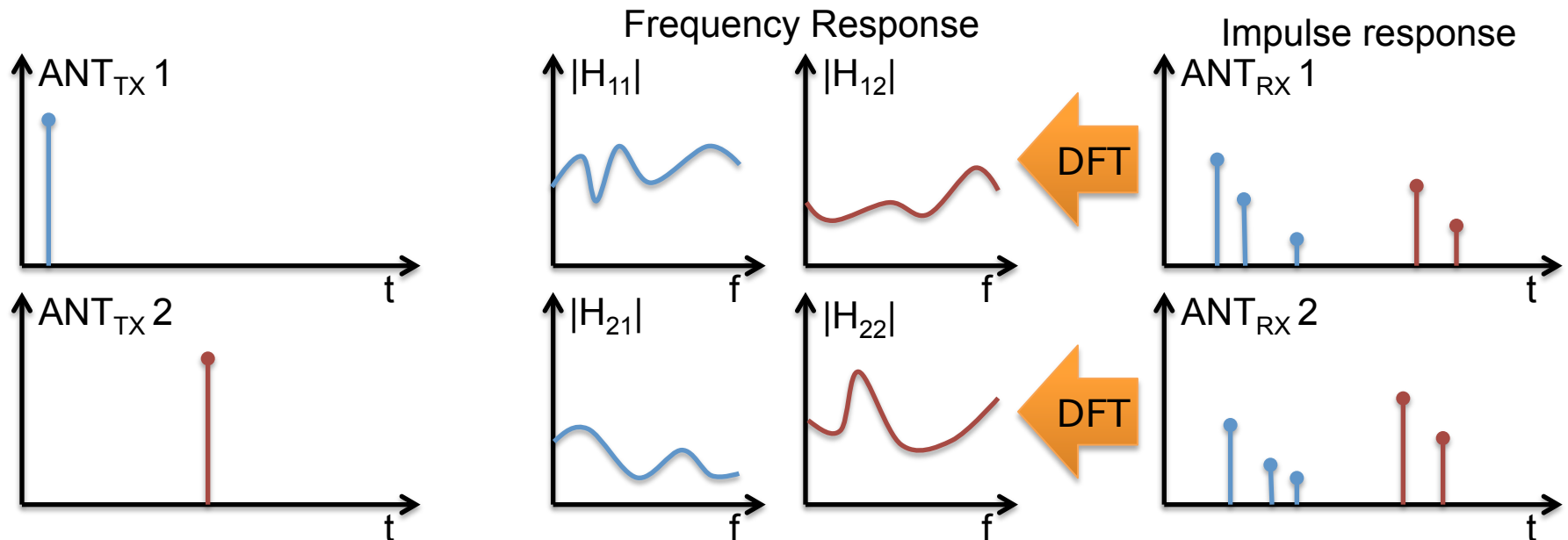
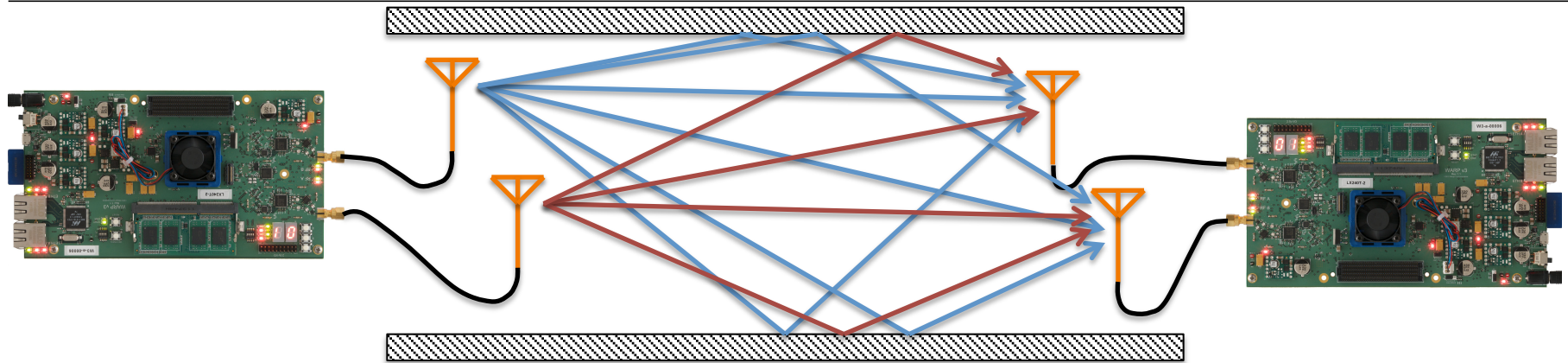
OO WARPLab Framework

WARPLab 6/7/...

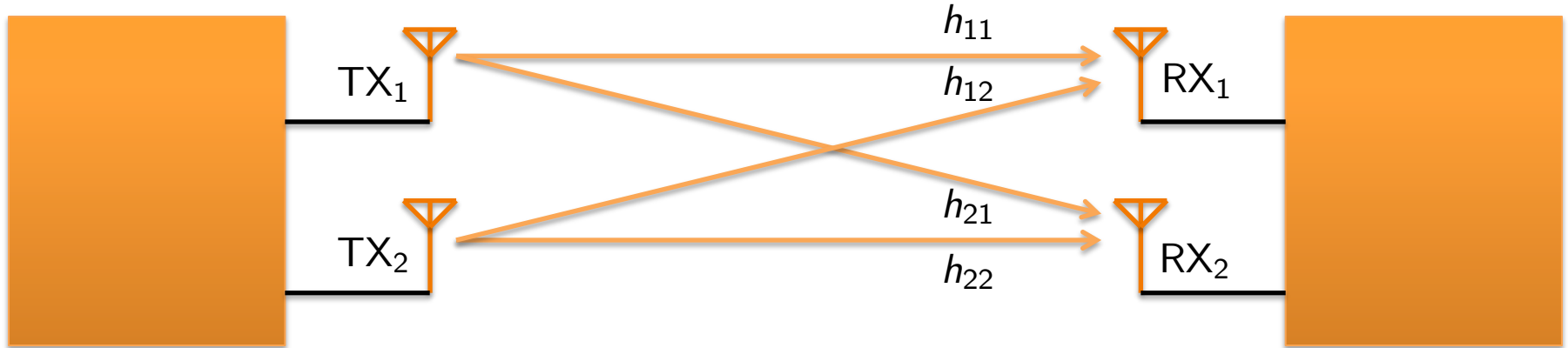
WARPLab Hardware

Channel Model

Channel Model



Channel Model



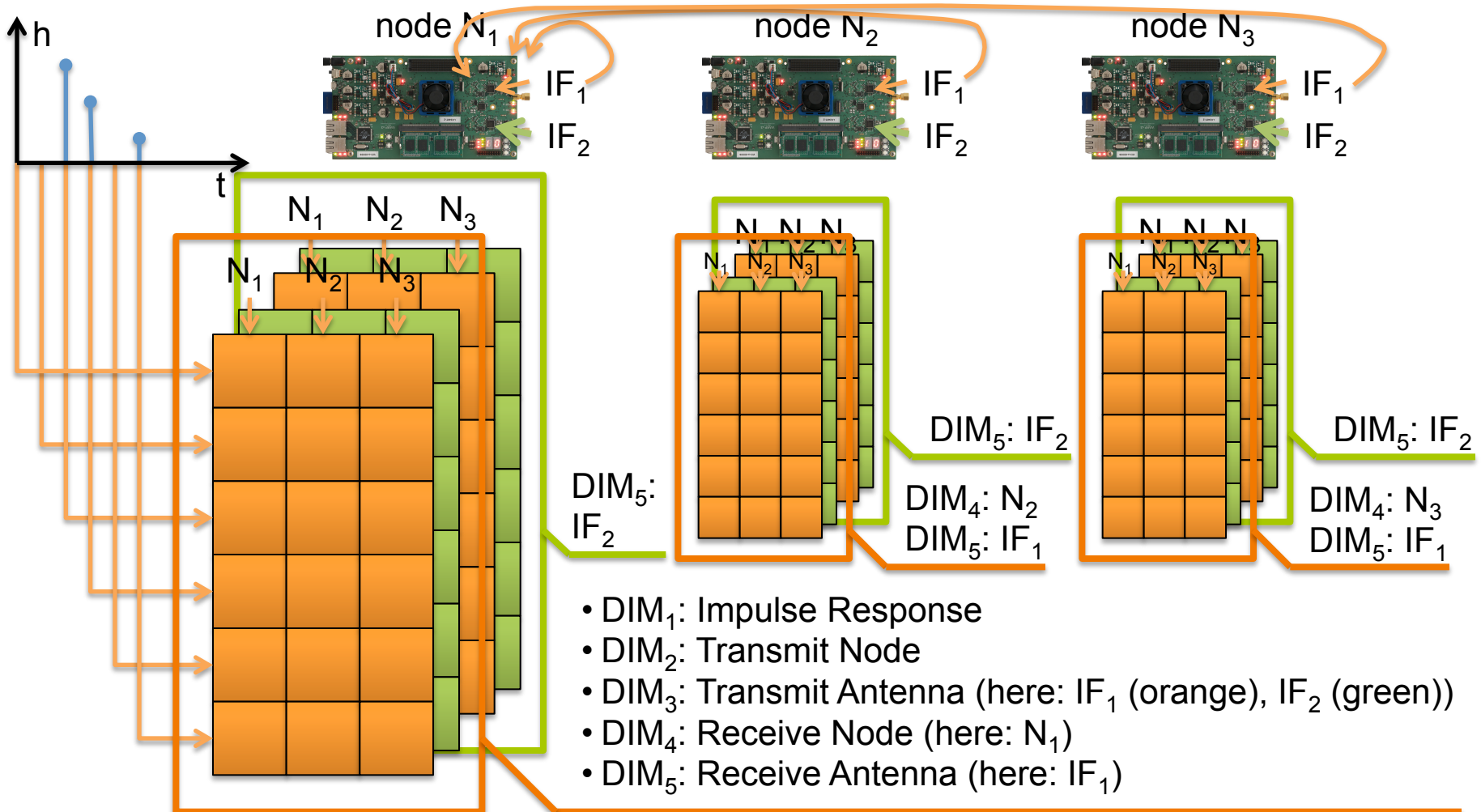
$$RX_1 = TX_1 * h_{11} + \eta_1 + TX_2 * h_{12} + \eta_2$$

$$RX_2 = \underbrace{TX_1 * h_{21}} + \eta_1 + \underbrace{TX_2 * h_{22}} + \eta_2$$

Convolution
of TX signal
with channel
impulse response

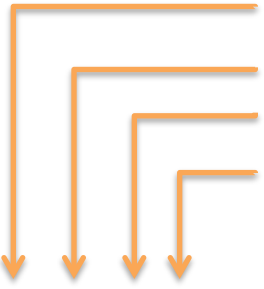
Additive white
Gaussian noise
(AWGN)

Channel Representation in MATLAB



Channel Representation in MATLAB

```
ntap = 5; online = 0;
warplab = CWarplab(...
    CWarplabnode(...
        'radio1', CRadio(), ...
        'radio2', CRadio(), ...
        'radio3', CRadio(), ...
        'radio4', CRadio(), ...
        'txlength', 2000 ...
    ),...
    'offline_channel', (randn(ntaps,1,4,1,4) + ...
        1j * randn(ntaps,1,4,1,4)), ...
    'awgn_matrix', 25 * ones(1,1,4,1,4), ...
    'online', online ...
);
```



- No. of TX Nodes
- No. of TX Antennas/Node
- No. of RX Nodes
- No. of RX Antennas/Node

 0 = simulation; 1 = use WARPs

Design of our Object-Oriented WARPLab Framework



Experiment and Simulation

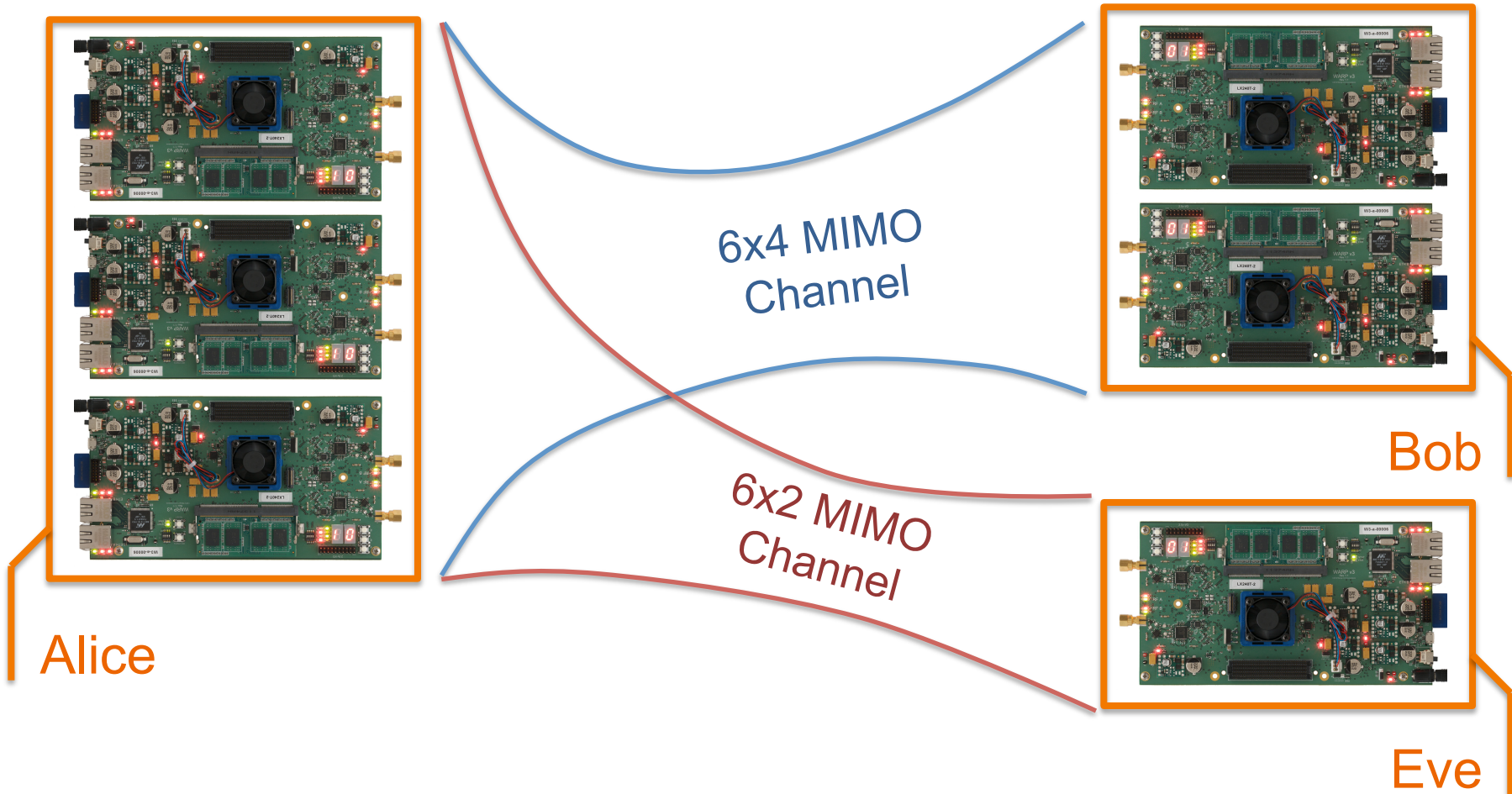
OO WARPLab Framework

WARPLab 6/7/...

WARP Hardware

Channel Model

Abstraction from Physical Nodes



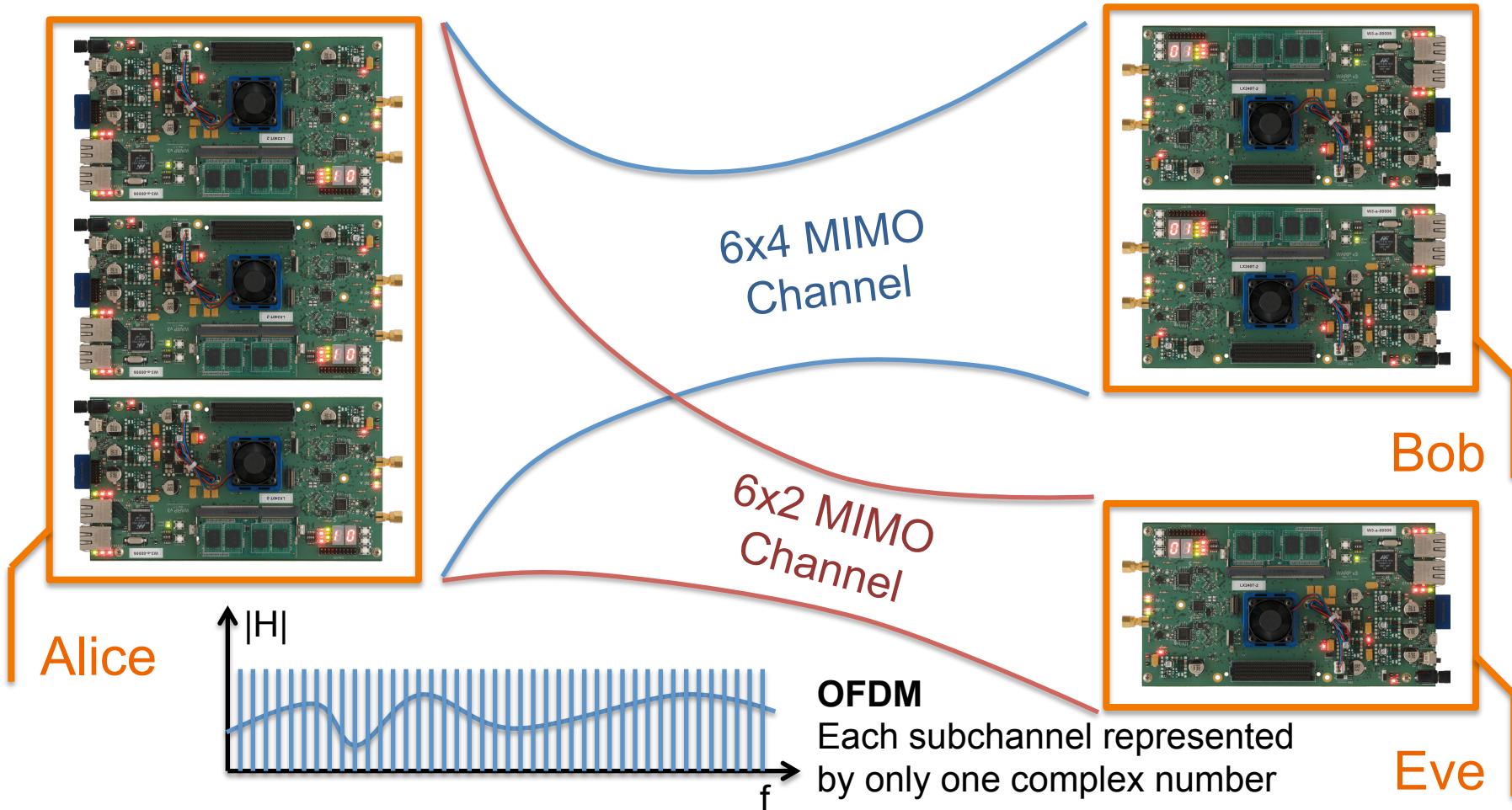
Abstraction from Physical Nodes

```
alice_if = [ ...  
    struct('node',1,'radio',1) struct('node',1,'radio',2) ...  
    struct('node',2,'radio',1) struct('node',2,'radio',2) ...  
    struct('node',3,'radio',1) struct('node',3,'radio',2) ...  
]; alice = CNode(warplab, alice_if, 1);
```

```
bob_if = [ ...  
    struct('node',4,'radio',1) struct('node',4,'radio',2) ...  
    struct('node',5,'radio',1) struct('node',5,'radio',2) ...  
]; bob = CNode(warplab, bob_if, 2);
```

```
eve_if = [ ...  
    struct('node',6,'radio',1) struct('node',6,'radio',2) ...  
]; eve = CNode(warplab, bob_if, 3);
```

Abstraction from Physical Nodes



Applying the Abstraction

```
nsym = 100; % 100 OFDM symbols
NFFT = 128; % Number of subcarriers
% Create BPSK symbols
frame1 = randi([0 1], length(alice_if), nsym, NFFT)*2-1;
% Set unusable subcarriers to zero and adjust power
frame1(:, :, [1:6 64:66 124:128]) = 0;
frame1 = frame1 / sqrt(114) / sqrt(length(alice_if));
% Start transmission
alice.transmit_frame(frame1, 40, 2, 0.01);
warplab.transferDataStartTransmission();
alice.clean_transmission();
% Get received frame and estimated channel
[frame, channel] = bob.receive_frame();
```

Bandwidth = 20 or 40 MHz
Preamble repetition
pre-transmission CFO corr.

- Introduction to WARP/WARPLab
- Object-Oriented WARPLab Framework
 - use the same code base for simulation and experimentation
- Abstraction from Physical Nodes
 - Combine multiple nodes into logical named nodes
 - Use OFDM to abstract from the fading channels



TECHNISCHE
UNIVERSITÄT
DARMSTADT

Matthias Schulz
Department of Computer Science

SEEMOO
Mornewegstr. 32
64293 Darmstadt/Germany
mschulz@seemoo.tu-darmstadt.de

Phone +49 6151 16-70928
Fax +49 6151 16-70921
www.seemoo.tu-darmstadt.de